

IRMA TIMES  
Every Home in the  
District. Full of Interest to  
Farmer and Oil Prospector

OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER FOR MUNICIPAL DISTRICT of BATTLE RIVER, No. 423, and MUNICIPAL DISTRICT of KINSSELLA No. 424, and VILLAGE of IRMA  
The Only Medium That Covers this Large Mixed Farming Area, and Oil and Gas Field Thoroughly.

Vol. 15; No. 15.

Irma, Alberta, Friday, May 1st, 1931.

\$2.00 per year in advance; 5c per copy.

## Sweet Clover as Soil Improver

Some Extracts from Observations of  
Professor L. E. Kirk, University  
of Saskatchewan

Dr. Kirk has devoted considerable  
time to sweet clover and has issued a  
fifteen page article from which the  
following is gleaned.

Many farmers have seeded sweet  
clover with a nurse crop only to see  
the tender plants disappear during the  
hot days of midsummer due to un-  
equal competition with the nurse crop.  
Then when success had crowned their  
efforts by giving a good stand of  
clover plants in the fall, it was not  
uncommon to find in the spring either  
they were missing altogether or  
badly thinned in large irregular  
patches. Finally, when the next crop  
of grain was sown and marked im-  
provement expected in plant growth,  
too frequently no increase in yield  
was obtained. To these and many  
other questions satisfactory answers  
have been obtained. Hundreds of  
square yards of earth have been dug  
up and the roots separated and ana-  
lyzed to find how much nitrogen was  
produced at different stages.

### Results

It was found that when sweet clover  
was sown with a nurse crop and  
plowed under the following spring  
only about ten per cent as much nitro-  
gen and 13 per cent organic matter  
was returned to the soil in the form  
of root material as compared with  
plowing down sweet clover at the  
same stage which has been grown  
without a nurse crop. The reason for  
this is that, the roots of sweet clover  
grown with wheat or oats are rela-  
tively very small as compared with  
what they would have been if grown  
by themselves.

When Sweet Clover Should Be Plowed  
Down.

Sweet clover roots were found to  
contain the maximum amount of nitro-  
gen and organic matter late in the  
fall of the first year, after cold weather  
has put an end to plant activity  
and made further storage of root re-  
serve impossible. At this point where  
grown without a nurse crop, the nitro-  
gen in the roots approaches 4.12  
per cent. As soon as growth begins  
in the spring, there is a rapid decline  
in nitrogen and total dry matter. By  
July 1st, the roots contain less than  
one third of the nitrogen which they  
had in the spring, and only about one  
half of the organic matter. The sub-  
stance of the roots has passed into  
the tops and if these are cut for hay  
and removed, the value of the clover  
roots is very much less than it would  
have been if plowed under early in  
the spring. Most people think that it  
pays to cut a crop of hay before  
plowing under the roots. This is en-  
tirely erroneous as far as the hay is  
concerned. If one needs the hay the  
crop should be credited with the ac-  
tual value.

### Spring Plowing Best

Results show that Sweet Clover  
should be plowed under in the spring. Very  
late fall plowing would be just as  
good were it not that the roots turn-  
ed under at this time are up to pro-  
duce volunteer plants next year in  
the grain, more so than spring plow-  
ing. Since Sweet Clover roots con-  
tain the maximum amount of nitrogen  
and organic matter in the first fall  
if for any reason all the clover should  
winterkill. This is an interesting  
point. When grown with a nurse  
crop common Sweet Clover frequently  
winterkills due probably to its poor  
root system, but when grown without  
a nurse crop this does not often oc-  
cur. On land which needs sweet clover  
badly, it may pay to grow a seed  
crop for the large amount of seed  
which will scatter on the land when  
harvesting. The following year a  
seed crop of sweet clover will pro-  
duce a thick volunteer crop of  
sweet clover which if allowed to grow  
until fall and plowed under next  
spring, will greatly improve the soil.  
A comparison of several sweet clover  
varieties, including white and yellow  
blossom types, did not show any  
marked difference between them in  
fertilizing value of their root material.

### The Best Method

When sweet clover is grown without  
a nurse crop and the tops are left un-  
disturbed until after freeze-up in the  
fall of the first year, our experiments  
show that the roots contain enough  
nitrogen on the average to produce a

30 bushel crop of wheat if it were all  
available for this purpose. On the  
other hand, when grown with a nurse  
crop which is cut for grain, the sweet  
clover roots contain only enough nitro-  
gen to produce 3 bushels of wheat.  
The figures will vary depending on  
the amount of moisture which is avail-  
able for growth, but the ratio is not  
likely to be very different in the plain  
section of Saskatchewan, Manitoba  
and Alberta. Under these circum-  
stances, the proper utilization of  
sweet clover for soil improvement  
should provide for growing it with-  
out a nurse crop and plowing it down  
the following spring. The use of sweet  
clover in this way involves some ad-  
vantages and some disadvantages.  
Probably the most serious difficulty  
is that of weeds, which are liable to  
smother out the clover when there is  
no nurse crop to hold them in check.  
Because of this it would probably be  
unwise to seed the clover until June,  
so that the weeds which grow in the  
spring can be destroyed before the  
clover is seeded. This is the method  
which is used for cleaning land of  
wild oats. When no nurse crop is  
used, sweet clover seeded in early  
June will make a splendid growth be-  
fore fall. Thus, in a single year, the  
spring season can be used to destroy  
weeds and clover can be grown to im-  
prove the soil. Tall weeds that are li-  
able to produce a lot of seed can be  
clipped off with the mower or binder  
without seriously disturbing the  
clover tops. Another difficulty is  
that of soil drifting but space will not  
permit us to fully into this.

### Sweet Clover and Grain Rotation

It is necessary to state clearly that  
we are dealing here only with the use  
of sweet clover to be plowed down for  
soil improvement. When the clover  
is grown for hay or pasture, there are  
other factors that should be consid-  
ered. But in view of what has been said  
about the relative value of growing  
sweet clover with and without a nurse  
crop to improve the soil, the grain  
farmer will want to ask about the  
place that sweet clover should occupy  
in his cropping system. This will de-  
pend upon many individual features,  
such as the amount of land under cul-  
tivation, whether the farmer wants to  
summerfallow before growing the  
clover to kill weeds or condition of  
the land to be improved.

### A Pressing Problem

There is no blinking the fact that  
Western Canada needs Sweet Clover.  
Organic matter is a vital constituent  
of the soil and there is ample evi-  
dence in many quarters that this vi-  
tal constituent has been dissipated to  
a point where yields are seriously af-  
fected. The following letter is typi-  
cal of scores that come to the Uni-  
versity office.

"We used to raise nice crops and  
an average of 30 bushels was quite  
common. We can raise good stands  
now but when we get rain—bad the  
heads seem to be lacking. I re-  
minded the difference especially a cou-  
ple of years ago when I broke up a  
small piece of new land. This had  
nice square heads, as heavy as could  
be, while the fallow ground right  
alongside had very slender heads.  
"Also our low ground which used to  
grow nice wheat is now turning up a  
very light colored or white soil, and  
these patches are gradually getting  
bigger and bigger. Very little wheat  
grows on them, even after fallow." I  
have grown a few acres of clover  
each year and it makes a wonderful  
catch on these white patches, because  
there is no wheat growing on them  
to compete with the clover. I usually  
cut the clover for hay and plow the  
land immediately as a partial sum-  
merfallow. The following wheat crop  
is nearly always poor on account of  
the lack of moisture, but yields aw-  
fully good straw. What is your opin-  
ion of sowing sweet clover with the  
last crop of grain and summerfallow-  
ing at the usual time in the usual  
way? When seeded with grain, I find  
that clover is very slow to start next  
spring. Most of it would be plowed  
down before it even started. Would  
this be a paying proposition? Do  
you favor cutting the clover for hay  
and summerfallowing the next year?"

This letter expresses quite clearly  
the question in which the farmers  
find themselves at the present time.

### Sweet Clover Best

No part of what has been stated  
should be regarded as a criticism of

## WEEKLY REVIEW PROV. MARKETS

**BEEF**—Reports on the Edmonton  
market indicate that the demand has  
been slightly better, while prices have  
held steady. Choice heavy steers sold  
at \$56.25; choice light \$55.50; good  
\$4.75; medium \$4.25; and  
common from \$3.50 to \$4.

**FEEDERS, STOCKERS**—A fair  
demand prevailed in this market with  
feeder steers at 3.50 to \$4.25; stock  
steers \$3.50 to \$4; stock heifers \$3.50 to  
\$4; and stock cows from \$3 to \$3.50.

**HOGS**—Bacon hogs were higher on  
the Edmonton market this week, the  
price on Wednesday being establish-  
ed at \$7.10 to \$7.35; while select sold  
at \$7.60 to \$7.85, and butchers \$6.60 to  
\$6.85, fed and watered basis.

**SHEEP**—A little change is notice-  
able in Edmonton prices, lambs being  
quoted \$7.50 to \$8.50; ewes \$4 to \$4.50,  
and yearlings \$5 to \$6.

**CREAM**—Prices in Alberta declin-  
ed 2 cents since the last report. Re-  
ceipts increasing steadily at both  
country points and centralizers. Spec-  
ial 24c; firsts, 22c and seconds 19c.

**POULTRY**—No. 1 stalks 10c; No. 2  
7c; No. 1 fowl over 5 lbs, 12c to 13c;  
No. 1 4-5 lbs, 11c to 12c; No. 1 under  
4 lbs, 9c to 10c; No. 2, 6c; roosters, 6  
to 7c.

**EGGS**—Prices steady. Extras 10c to  
15c; firsts, 13c to 14c; seconds, 9c to 12c.  
**HAY**—Market slow and little  
changing hands except at country  
points, between farmers. Quality  
good. Timothy finding biggest de-  
mand at 12, while upland is slow at  
\$9 per ton.

**FEED OATS**—Although spring  
work has commenced in many areas,  
no improvement noted in this market.  
Supplies are rather light. Price  
steady at 23c per bushel, delivered.

**GREENFEED**—Good demand but  
very few offerings received. Quality  
is excellent. Price remains steady at  
\$9 per ton, delivered.

## Wedding Bells

A very pretty wedding was solemn-  
ized at Edmonton on Wednesday,  
March 25th when Olga Beatrice, eld-  
est daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L.  
Treichel of Jarrow, Alberta, became  
the bride of Mr. Herman Overbo, of  
Kinsella, Alta.

After a short honeymoon spent in  
the city, Mr. and Mrs. Overbo will  
make their home on the groom's farm  
south and west of Kinsella.

Both bride and groom are old-tim-  
ers, and highly respected citizens of  
the Jarrow and Kinsella districts, and  
are receiving congratulations and  
good wishes from their many friends  
for many years of happy wedded life.

### I. O. O. F. NOTICE

To the Officers and Members of  
Irma Lodge No. 56 I. O. O. F., please  
note that the Noble Grand respectfully  
asks for a large attendance to the  
regular meeting of the Lodge on Tues-  
day evening, May 4th at 8 p.m.  
J. A. Smallwood, Secretary.

### JUSTICE WALSH NAMED

LIEUT.-GOV. OF ALBERTA

Ottawa, April 25th.—The appoint-  
ment of Mr. Justice W. L. Walsh of  
the Alberta supreme court as lieuten-  
ant-governor of that province, suc-  
ceeding Hon. William Egbert whose  
term expires on May 1st, was official-  
ly announced by the prime minister  
early Saturday.

The appointment of a successor to  
Mr. Justice Walsh on the bench may  
be looked for in the early part of  
next week.

Hon. Mr. Walsh was married in  
Vancouver Wednesday to Mrs. Rus-  
sell Barber.

sweet clover. The writer believes that  
sweet clover is the most valuable  
plant that has ever been introduced  
into Western Canada. No other crop  
is so well suited for the purpose  
of aiding the farmer in main-  
taining the fertility of his soils.  
One is tempted to recall again the  
many excellent qualities that this re-  
markable plant possesses, but space  
does not permit. There is no doubt  
about sweet clover doing the work.  
Our business is to find out how to  
use it most effectively. The problem  
which we have raised is real and vi-  
tal, but the suggestions by way of  
solution are by no means final. There  
are many angles which require fur-  
ther careful investigation.

## CHURCH NOTICES AND ACTIVITIES

**UNITED CHURCH NOTES**  
The services next Sunday will be  
at Albert, Alma Mater and Town, at  
the usual hours.

The local lodges of the I. O. O. F.  
and the Rebekahs attended divine ser-  
vice at the United Church last Sun-  
day afternoon at 3.00 p.m. A large  
delegation from Wainwright joined  
the local lodges so that the church  
was crowded to capacity. The church  
was decorated for the occasion, and  
the choir sang an anthem. The ser-  
vice was opened by the Rev. Mr.  
Brooker of the Presbyterian Church  
at Wainwright, who also pronounced  
the benediction. The Rev. J. R. Geeson  
preached on the theme "True  
Charity" taking as his text "Silver  
and gold have I none, but such as I  
have give I thee." He prefaced his  
sermon with a few introductory re-  
marks on the power and influence of  
the Order of Odd Fellows. With a  
world-wide membership of 2,357,000  
the order was a power for good and  
exercised a beneficial influence where-  
ever its lodges are found. In Alberta  
the membership was 6,840 and there  
had been paid out in various kinds of  
relief the large sum of \$14,588.00.  
The Wood's Christian Home had ben-  
efitted to the extent of over \$1,000.00  
and Mr. Geeson congratulated the  
Order on achieving such splendid re-  
sults in its benevolent service.

Biologists are accustomed to speak  
of two great divisions of the animal  
kingdom as vertebrate or invertebrate,  
according as they have or have  
not spinal column or backbone. So  
far as human beings are concerned,  
there is also another division between  
two very distinct types of character,  
namely, those that have a backbone,  
and those that have a backbone.  
There are many people with good im-  
pulses and high ideals. They wish  
and hope for the best; but they lack  
not the courage and endurance neces-  
sary to realize their ideals. The  
wishbone is highly developed in them;  
but they are sadly lacking in back-  
bone. We need in our public life peo-  
ple who are willing resolutely to con-  
tend for high principles; people who  
have courage to resist wrong and  
stand up for the right under all cir-  
cumstances. There can be no benefi-  
cial reformation until there are those  
who have the backbone to work for  
it. Every great reform that the  
world have even seen has been brought  
about by men and women with back-  
bone, and men and women who could  
not be bent or overthrown by force or  
fattery. These are trying days and it seems  
as if little is being done to bring about  
a change for the better. Perhaps we  
are too impatient, but it does seem  
as if we need courageous leadership  
these days to overcome our present  
difficulties.

### PRESENTATION TO BISHOP GRAY

The Diocese of Edmonton are propos-  
ing to make a presentation to  
Bishop Gray before his departure for  
England. It is felt that there are  
many Anglicans in the Irma district  
who would like to contribute to this  
Fund which closes at the end of May.  
Will all who wish to avail them-  
selves of this opportunity kindly leave  
their subscriptions with Mr. Jack  
Fletcher.

The next Anglican Church Service  
will be on Sunday, May 3rd, and this  
will be followed by a congregational  
meeting.

### ANGELICAN CHURCH

Anglican Service will be held in the  
United Church on Sunday, May 3rd at  
3 o'clock.

The next meeting of the W. A. will  
be held at the home of Mrs. Geo. Hip-  
person on Tuesday, May 12th at 2.30.

### CANADIAN LEGION

**R. E. S. L.**

A meeting of the executive of the  
Irma Branch No. 112 will be held in  
Cde Coles office at 8.30 p.m. on May  
4th.

—W. E. Inklin, Sec.-Treas.

### LADIES AID TEA AND SALE

Something different is being plan-  
ned for the Mothers Day Tea to be  
held in the church Saturday afternoon  
and evening, May 9th. Tea all the  
time from 3 p.m., supper from 5.30  
to 7.30 at the usual prices.

There will be flowers suitable for  
remembrance by flitting his arms fril-  
ly above his head and gesticulat-  
ing in a foreign tongue. On being

## Important Notice to Ratepayers of M. D. of Kinsella No. 424

Notice to All Ratepayers of M.D. 424  
In accordance with the request  
made by the majority of the ratepay-  
ers at the annual meeting the Coun-  
cil sent a deputation to meet the  
members of the Viking Hospital  
Board. The Hospital Board were asked  
if they would accept the Southern  
half of the M. D., that is, Divisions  
1, 2 and 3 into the Hospital area, the  
answer was that there was not enough  
accommodation at the Hospital at the  
present time, but if they were assured  
that the three divisions would come  
in, they would have a vote to raise

the money to enlarge the Hospital  
and be very pleased to take the three  
Divisions into the area.

It is the intention of the Council  
to have a vote taken sometime dur-  
ing the summer to find out if the  
three divisions wish to be included  
and the Council wish the matter to be  
thoroughly discussed and advertised,  
and if there are ratepayers who have  
other ideas or comments to make on  
the scheme they are invited to for-  
ward them to the Secretary and they  
will be taken up and discussed at the  
next Council meeting.

## KINSSELLA NEWS

As a result of a dancing affray  
held in the Lake Vernon schoolhouse,  
a young man of this district was  
brought before Magistrate A. I. Mil-  
lar, of Sedgewick on a charge of  
drunkenness and disturbing the peace.  
He was found guilty and assessed a  
fine of \$20.00 and costs of the court,  
or in default of payment of fine, to  
thirty days at Fort Saskatchewan  
jail. He thought he could make mon-  
ey no better at anything else so he  
accepted the thirty days.

Mumps are still prevalent in the  
district with a few new cases added,  
also several cases of flu or la grippe.  
Dr. Haworth of Viking has been seen  
in the district administering to the  
suffering.

One of the largest crowds to ever  
gathered there last Friday evening to  
take part in the novelty dance spon-  
sored by the committee in charge of  
social activities for this district. Ex-  
cellent music was furnished by Heron  
and Culhams. While there was not  
such a large array of costumes, never-  
theless some really good ones were  
to be seen. The following were the  
winners of the prizes: The first  
prize went to Miss Marbury, of  
Jarrow, dressed as a Chinaman. Mrs.  
Rees of Loughheed won the ladies first  
prize, dressed as a squaw, and Miss  
Paul took ladies 2nd prize, wearing  
a Gypsy dress. This concluded the  
dances in this school till after seed-  
ing.

The following were among the out-  
of-town students who spent the Easter  
holidays at their home here, re-  
turning to Edmonton on Saturday eve-  
ning's train. The Misses Alice Mur-  
ray, Maxine Wachter, Elizabeth  
Stronach and Kathleen Ferries.  
Arthur Overbo is credited with being  
the only one to shoot a wild goose  
so far this season. He celebrated the  
occasion by asking some of his good  
friends to come and enjoy a tasty  
well prepared wild goose dinner.

Pete Blain returned on Saturday  
from Drayton Valley, where he has  
been employed in a saw mill all win-  
ter. Drayton Valley is located about  
a hundred miles south and west of  
Edmonton.

While in Edmonton Mr. Herman  
Overbo had the pleasure of being a  
guest of the Excelsior Life Assur-  
ance Co., at a banquet held in the  
Macdonald hotel. There were eigh-  
teen present, including Mr. Gal-  
brecht, general manager of the Com-  
pany, also Mr. E. H. Molstead, dis-  
trict manager, and Mr. Juett, city  
manager.

Spring work is in full swing thru-  
out the district. Many have report-  
ed the seeding of breaking and sum-  
merfallow. The ground is in excel-  
lent shape for work, although dry and  
will need moisture soon. While an  
increase in acreage is not looked for  
this year, every indication points to  
as much acreage as last year, being  
put in.

This part of the world too, con-  
tains living curiosities. This particu-  
lar curiosity is thought to have been  
inspired with the evil one.

Late last night, Mr. H. J. Overbo  
an aspiring farmer south of Kinsella,  
was suddenly seized with a vague  
terror at a remarkably strange fig-  
ure which dashed from bush to bush,  
apparelled in a very shaggy fitted  
black suit. His red glossy beard, a  
jet black mass of streaming hair over-  
hanging a haggard face, and his right  
hand fiercely clutching a heavy  
automatic rifle, gave him a very sin-  
ister aspect.

On being hailed by Mr. Overbo he  
responded by flitting his arms fril-  
ly above his head and gesticulat-  
ing in a foreign tongue. On being

approached his physiognomy assumed  
a gruesome aspect of mortal fear.  
When within a few feet of him he  
suddenly became electrified with a  
vast amount of energy and sped  
away with the velocity of a bullet, at  
the same time uttering incoherent ex-  
pressions. He continued these strange  
antics for some time, making several  
circles around Mr. Overbo, and then  
disappearing as suddenly as he had  
revealed himself. Not a trace was  
seen of him since. The belief is that  
he may have been a wandering mani-  
ac or a popular criminal.

Mr. Fred Thele had the misfortune  
of nearly severing his right thumb  
while feeding his horses. It seems  
that he permitted one of the animals  
to play with his hand. The horse im-  
mediately took a decisive step to-  
wards removing his thumb and fore-  
finger. His forefinger was protected  
by a heavy gold ring which he was  
in the habit of wearing there, but  
the thumb was a "good one" lacerated  
by the sharp teeth of the affection-  
ate beast.

To make matters worse for Mr.  
Thele an affectionate and ambitious  
bumble bee, formally pronounced  
spring by tenderly kissing him on the  
end of his nose. At Mr. Bumble Bee's  
first appearance Mr. Thele heartily  
expressed his approval—but later—  
alas!

### NOTICE RE BYLAW

The Council of the Village of Irma intend  
to pass a Zoning Bylaw under the  
provisions of Section 30 of the Town  
Planning Act 1929. A Copy of the  
Bylaw may be seen at the office of the  
Secretary Treasurer between the  
hours of 9 a.m. to 12 a.m. and from  
2 p.m. and 5 p.m. any day not a Sun-  
day or a public holiday. At 8 p.m. on  
the evening of Friday, being the 20th  
day of May, 1931 the Council will  
meet for the purpose of hearing any  
objections to the Bylaw.

Chas. Wilbraham, Sec'y-Treas.  
Village of Irma

### TENDERS

Tenders will be received at the of-  
fice of the Secretary Treasurer Vil-  
lage of Irma, up to 5 p.m. May 7th,  
1931 for the fencing of the Village  
Nuisance Ground. Full particulars  
can be had by applying to the Sec-  
retary. Lowest or any tender not  
necessarily accepted.

Chas. Wilbraham, Sec'y-Treas.  
Village of Irma.

Everyone is cordially invited to  
come and bring their friends to the  
Special Mothers Day tea and sale in  
the United Church Saturday after-  
noon and evening, May 9th.

## Kill the Gophers

The Gophers are plenti-  
ful this year! Now is  
the time to poison 'em.

### GO - FOR - 'EM

At 65c a Tin.

To those who wish to  
mix their own we have  
**STRYCHNINE**  
At \$1.25 an Ounce  
—Also—  
**Anised & Molasses**

**THE RED & WHITE STORE**  
Owned and Operated by  
**THIRD & ANSELL**  
Kinsella Alberta

## You cannot buy such quality for less



**Yellow label Salada 60c a lb**  
**Brown label Salada 70c a lb**  
**'Fresh from the gardens'**

### Developments In Transportation

It is obvious to even the most casual observer of current happenings at we live in an age of rapid changes and revolutionary developments. arly a year passes that does not record some new invention, or the application of some hitherto known force to an entirely new purpose. The world makes progress, and progress cannot and must not be stopped, but in its onward march there is always a lurking danger that we may be weakening, possibly destroying, something which, in our own interests, we can afford to injure or destroy.

Does the general public, for example, fully realize the true meaning of a situation which has arisen in the realm of public transportation owing to the introduction and rapid increase in the use of motor busses for passengers and huge trucks for freight haulage upon our highways, and the effect which his development is having upon our railways? Without giving the matter such consideration many people may say: "We are not concerned as to the effect on the railways; they can look out for themselves." But this is a short-sighted view, because what affects the railways affects every producer, every taxpayer, every citizen in this country.

Let us briefly examine this new development, not from the standpoint of the railways, or of the passenger busses and freight trucks, but from the standpoint of the farmer-producer, the merchant, the ranks of labor, and the individual taxpayer.

The people of Canada have invested hundreds of millions of dollars in railways. They are paying heavy taxes today because of land grants, tax exemptions, cash subsidies, bonuses, guarantees of bonds and the payment of deficits in years past, in order to provide these essential services. Today the people of Canada are the owners outright of more than one-half the railway mileage in Canada, while thousands of Canadians, as individuals, are financially interested in the second great railway system of this Dominion. It is in the interests of every citizen, therefore, that our railways be operated efficiently, financially as well as otherwise.

During recent years the taxpayers of Canada, Federally, Provincially, and Municipally, have been investing tens of millions of dollars annually in the provision of good roads. Thousands of miles of all-weather highways have been built, and the constant demand is for still more and better highways. The tax burden is mounting higher and higher, as a result. The advent of the automobile forced this newer development. It could not be prevented; it is not to be regretted; it is progress.

But these improved highways have created a new situation, namely, the development of motor transportation services over these highways for both passengers and freight haulage. The outcome is that the competition which the privately owned and operated automobile offered to the railway passenger service, has been intensified, with the result that railway freight earnings—the most profitable department in railway operation—are suffering.

Briefly stated, that's the situation. Heavy taxes are levied to create the railways, we have now taxed ourselves to create the means whereby rival services are made possible to cripple the institutions in which we are so heavily interested, financially and otherwise.

What does this mean, say to the farmer-producer of Western Canada? Everywhere the demand is being voiced that railway freight rates should be reduced; that in view of the present low price of all farm products, existing freight charges on these products to the markets are too high, and altogether out of proportion to the price of the commodities transported. Granting this to be true, the fact remains that it costs the railways just as much to move a bushel of 50 cent wheat as it does to move a bushel of \$1.50 or \$2.00 wheat.

So far as the farmer-producer is concerned he must rely upon the railways to transport his product. He may move it from his farm to the nearby elevator in a truck, but he cannot so transport it to the head of the lakes ports or to the seaboard. The railways must do that. Neither can he depend upon motor truck services to bring to him all the heavy machinery and equipment from, far distant points; the railways must do that, too.

Therefore, the question for the farmer-producer, and for the merchant who depends upon the success of farming for his livelihood, to face and answer is: How can freight rates be reduced; how in fact can they be maintained even at present figures, if the railways lose the revenues accruing to them from short hauls, and the lighter classes of freight?

Some people may answer that the railways can prosper on their long hauls. But experience has demonstrated that no railway can exist on long main line hauls; it is the short feeder lines to the main line that makes any system a success. The Grand Trunk Pacific main line was as fine a piece of railway as any country possessed, but the war stopped the building of the branch line feeders, and the railway went into liquidation.

Even assuming that main line long haul traffic could make a railway a paying proposition, the fact remains that without the revenues accruing from short hauls on the lighter classes of freight, railways would have to charge more, not less than at present, for transporting the farm products of this country to the open markets of the world.

This article, and a second one to follow, is not written as an apologist for, nor as propaganda in behalf of the railways, but solely in order to direct attention to some factors now entering into the transportation problems of this present age.—Editor.

#### A Best Seller

John Bunyan is a best seller in Tibet. A special translation of "The Pilgrim's Progress" was prepared for Himalayan readers by the Religious Tract Society—and now only two copies remain on the society's shelves.

Few people care to be reminded of the little sins they like to commit.

#### Couldn't Be True

The drunk hauled in front of an enormous stuffed tarpon in a glass case. He stared at it for a minute or two in silence. Then he said: "The fellow who caught—hic—that fish is a—hic—liar!"

Japan will spend over \$7,000,000 for new public works this year.

### Palpitation Of The Heart Nerves Were All Gone

Miss Rose Griffin, Ashern, Man., writes: "About five years ago I was troubled with palpitation of the heart, caused by a shock, and my nerves were all gone, and I could not sleep. I read about Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and decided to try them. After taking a few boxes I was feeling fine again. I think they are a wonderful remedy, and wish all others who suffered as I did would give them a trial."

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Price 50c a box

### Returned Rhodes Scholars

Many Are Teaching In Canada's Universities and Colleges

An examination of the records shows that returned Rhodes Scholars are already playing a great part in Canadian life, even though the oldest of them are not more than forty-seven years of age. They shine particularly in law and university teaching. We need go no farther afield than our own McGill University to point out a Rhodes Scholar, and a fellow of All Souls, Oxford, who is Dean of the Faculty of Law. It is especially encouraging that out of 140 Rhodes Scholars, no less than 47 are now teaching in our universities and colleges. Many of these are to be found in the newer institutions, for example, in the West. Thus, as by a laying on of hands, our Canadian student bodies are receiving the impress of Oxford at second hand, if not at first—Montreal Star.

### NEIGHBORS TALK

"I am employed in a theatre and it is a problem to make ends meet, as I help support my mother and sisters. I like to dress well but haven't very much to spend on clothes. To give the appearance of variety to my slender wardrobe I change the color of a dress or stockings as soon as the things become faded. I always use Diamond Dyes for the work—using them as dyes for dresses and as tints for stockings. I have always gotten such perfect results that our neighbors talk about the great number of new things I have."

"I learned about Diamond Dyes from our wardrobe mistress. She says she has tried all the dyes on the market but none do such splendid work and are as easy to use as Diamond Dyes. I understand they are the world's most popular dyes—and they deserve to be."

L.P. Montreal.

### Oratorical Contest

Quebec Only Province To Uphold Dominion At Washington In October

The province of Quebec will uphold the laurels of the Dominion at the year's international oratorical contest in Washington. As the time limit for registering candidates has expired, and none of the other provinces has entered representatives, it is now left to the province of Quebec to send a youth to the American capital to champion Canada's fame for eloquence against the pick of the other countries.

The Washington international eloquence contest will be held in October, 1931.

### A MILLION FAT FOLKS CAN'T BE WRONG

And, that's a low estimate of the number taking Kruschen to keep down superfluous fat.

When you take vitalizing Kruschen Salts for a few days that old indolent, chair feeding deserts you—it doesn't matter how fat you are—the urge for activity has got you—and you're "stepping lively."

And best of all you like this activity—you walk a couple of miles and enjoy it—you thought you'd never dance again, but you find you're getting spry as ever—the old tingling, active feeling reaches even your feet.

Kruschen is a combination of the six salts Nature has already put into your body to keep you alive—if it were not for these vital salts you could not live.

One bottle is enough to prove to you that Kruschen will make you feel younger—spryer—more energetic—you'll enjoy life—every minute of it.

A half teaspoonful in a glass of hot water every morning is all you need to keep healthy—keep your stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys in splendid condition—free your system from harmful toxins and acids.

#### Displaces Thousand Men

A giant ditch digger is operating in Los Angeles, which does the work of 1,000 men. The digger is capable of removing four cubic yards of earth every 35 seconds, and it keeps 40 trucks constantly on the move removing the dirt it piles up.

Fresh Supplies In Demand.—Wherever Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has been introduced increased supplies have been ordered, showing that wherever it goes this excellent Oil impresses its power on the people. No matter in what latitude it may be found its potency is never impaired. It is put up in most portable shape in bottles and can be carried without fear of breakage.

Daily Hours Of Sunshine.—The Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, publishes a nomogram-diagram by which the hours of sunshine for any day at any place may be readily obtained.

Many mothers can testify to the virtue of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, because they know from experience how useful it is.

Artificial graphite, an electric furnace product, is made near Niagara Falls, Ontario.

### New Queen Of The Seas

Construction Work On Giant Cunard Liner Is Proceeding Rapidly

Work on the new 73,000-ton Cunard liner has progressed so rapidly that word was received at the local offices of the Cunard Line to the effect that it is highly probable that the date of the launching will be advanced from June, of 1932, to February, of next year.

The yards of John Brown and Company, who are building this giant liner, have been the scene of feverish activity ever since the order for the vessel was first given and the clang of the rivetting machines has been incessant for twenty-four hours every day for weeks.

Factories and foundries all over Great Britain are also to be found working on a twenty-four hour schedule in an effort to speed up the work as much as possible. No little effort has been made to ensure that all the component parts that will go to make up this vessel and all her equipment will be of the very best and hundreds of the finest craftsmen that the British Isles can produce are at present "doing their bit" in producing this new "Queen of the Seas."

It was only last Sunday that the rudder for the new ship left the factory in Darlington on board a steamer that required special fitting out for the job of transporting it to the yards of John Brown at Clydebank. This gigantic piece of metal weighs over one hundred and fifty tons and is larger than has ever been constructed. Skilled mechanics have been working for weeks in the building of this rudder.

In comparing the size of this vessel to any other liner that has ever been built, an astounding comparison has been disclosed. If it were possible to take the hulls of the first four vessels of the original Cunard fleet and place them in the inside of any of the funnels which will grace the new Cunardier, there would still be room to spare.

While work has been proceeding apace at Clydebank, there has also been considerable activity at Southampton, where the new graving dock is in the course of construction. Each year the Cunard Line gives every one of their fleet a complete overhauling and placed back in the service. This will also be done with this new superb liner, and as there was no graving dock in the British Isles big enough to hold her, steps were taken to build a dock that would.

### Interesting Coin Collection

Also Indian Peace and Treaty Medals Exhibited In Montreal

Thousands of coins and medals were recently gathered and arranged in show-cases at the Chateau de Ramezay. One gallery had tables and even walls almost covered with them. They represented the systems of reckoning employed in the last three millenniums by an interminable list of kings, dictators, emperors, Caesars and Pharaohs. The exhibition included what is considered probably the best collection of Indian Peace and Treaty medals to be seen on the continent. Most of them were struck off specially to serve as gifts. One of the pieces was the famous medal of George IV, which was given to Andre Romain, chief of the Huron Tribe.

### Stimulate Interest In Mining

H. G. Nichols, resident mining engineer at Kamloops, is to give a series of lectures and demonstrations to prospectors and mining men on the minerals and mineral formations of this section of British Columbia with the idea of stimulating interest in mineral development.

Reduced By Asthma.—The constant strain of asthma brings the patient to a dreadful state of hopeless exhaustion. Early use should be by all means made of the famous Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which more than any other acts quickly and surely on the air passages and brings blessed help and comfort. No home where asthma is present in the least degree should be without this great remedy.

#### Back To Nature

"Well, how are you getting on, now that you are married?" "It's just like the Garden of Eden." "I am glad to hear that." "Yes, we have nothing to wear and are in fear of being turned out."

for PIMPLES

Add an equal amount of cream, or sweet oil, to Minard's. Apply the mixture three times daily. A single use will clear up your skin!

**MINARD'S LINIMENT**  
**"KING OF PAIN"**

W. N. U. 1886

## MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

Canada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

### Notabilities Invited

#### To B.C. Celebration

Province Observing Diamond Jubilee Of Entry Into Confederation

An invitation has been extended by the committee in charge, through the provincial government and proper official channels, to H.R.H. Prince Mary and the Earl of Harewood to attend the celebration of the diamond jubilee of B.C.'s entry into Confederation. Announcement to this effect was made by Reg. Hayward, P.M., chairman, and Robert Hiscocks, secretary of the committee.

Invitations are also being extended through Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, prime minister of Canada, for the delegates from the different British dominions who will be arriving in Canada about that time to attend the Imperial Conference, to visit Victoria and join in the festivities on July 20. The United States government is being asked through Hon. G. A. Bucklin, consul for the republic, to have several of the capital ships of the United States navy come to Victoria for the event. Similar invitation is being extended to the British admiralty.

#### Manitoba Creameries

Manitoba Creameries received during February 81,628.6 pounds of butter-fat valued at \$20,087.3 in February, 1930. An increase of 56 per cent. Of the cream received 68 per cent. graded "table" 10.3 per cent. special; 18.6 per cent. No. 1 and 3.1 per cent. No. 2.

A moth with a wing spread of nine inches was recently brought back by an expedition to Honduras.

London has 30,000 basement dwellings, occupied by nearly 100,000 people.

### Test Milling Qualities Of Wheat

In an effort to determine environmental factors affecting the milling qualities of Saskatchewan wheat and the baking qualities of flour made therefrom, an extra grant has been ordered by the Saskatchewan Agricultural Research Foundation.



**BORDEN'S CHOCOLATE MALTED MILK**  
 HERE is a delightful change for those who like luscious, pleasant, and cooling, that your children will love. Borden's Chocolate Malted Milk is rich and creamy, with a real MALT flavor that puts a finishing touch to any meal. Buy a tin of Borden's Chocolate Malted Milk today—your dealer has it in pound and half pound tins.

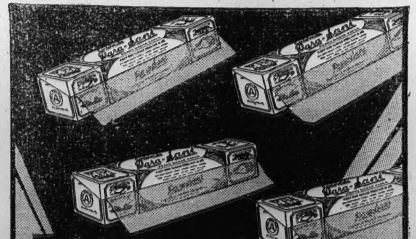
The Borden Co. Limited

Borden's CHOCOLATE MALTED MILK



**BABY'S OWN SOAP**  
 "It's Best for You and Baby too"

**EAT MORE of this CORN SYRUP**  
 more nourishment for less money  
**EDWARDSBURG CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP**  
 The CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED MONTREAL



### Don't Let Foods Stale

Foods that ordinarily stale quickly will stay fresh and tempting a surprisingly long time if you cover them with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. Your grocer, druggist or stationer has Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For those who prefer a lighter paper put up in sheet form ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs.

**Appleford Paper Products LIMITED**  
 HAMILTON ONT.

Western Representatives:  
**HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.**



## Visions Of Establishment Of An Iron Smelting Industry Is Seen For Ontario Province

Visions of the establishment some time in the future of a huge iron smelting industry in the district of James Bay were stimulated by the announcement that the government has withdrawn the unalienated portions of Belcher Islands, in Hudson Bay, from public exploitations pending a thorough investigation into the character and extent of the hematite deposits there.

Coupled with this, in the minds of those who foresee further extensive developments for Northern Ontario, was the fact that examinations of a most elaborate nature are at present being made on the suitability for all purposes of the lignite deposits in the Abitibi region.

Coal and iron being complementary the one to the other in establishing the basis of all manufacturing industry, the discovery and development of the two in such close proximity as Belcher Islands are to Abitibi have encouraged the hope that Canada's independence of external sources for the nation's supply of iron ore may eventually become considerably more than a "pious wish."

The prospect of the ore being transported in barges from the islands of Hudson Bay to the ocean port which the Ontario government proposes to found at the debouchment of the Moose River is one which has captivated the imagination of those most closely connected with the operations.

Expanding the theme, the possibility was envisaged of such a development furnishing an additional outlet for the coal of both Nova Scotia and Alberta. In the former case the coal could be water-borne all the way from Sydney, N.S., up the coast of Labrador, through the well-charted Hudson Straits and down to James Bay. In the latter case a comparatively short haul from the Alberta collieries to Churchill would bring the western product to tidewater.

The government's examination of the Belcher Islands deposits will be conducted under the supervision of the Department of Mines.

### Farm Organization

Writer Maintains Operating Costs Can Be Reduced and Production Stimulated

The history of agriculture demonstrates that operating costs can be reduced, production per worker stimulated, standards of living raised and national wealth increased by the adoption of farm organization to improvements in equipment, was the conclusion reached by Andrew Stewart of Manitoba Agricultural College who won the Royal Bank of Canada economics fellowship competition for 1930-31.

The prize was worth \$1,000. Second place was given to "Recent developments in wholesale and retail distribution," by George D. Thomson, of University of Toronto, and third place to "A Study of Empire Trade," by G. M. Rountree, of McGill University. Mr. Stewart's prize-winning paper was called "The economy of machine production in agriculture."

### A Prolific Sow

Stanley Iyer, of Neepawa, Man., owns a sow which has given birth to 49 live pigs in one year, the facts of which he submits in a letter to the Free Press of Neepawa. On April 10, 1930, her litter numbered 18; on September 15, 1930, her litter was 12, and February 26, 1931, she gave birth to 19. The sow is part Hampshire and part Yorkshire, and is in splendid condition.

### Languages In Europe

Publications in Linguistic Office show 125 languages are used in Europe according to an Associated Press despatch of January 21, 1931, from Geneva.

The leaders are: German, 70,000,000; Russian, 70,000,000; English, 47,000,000; Italian, 41,000,000, and French, 39,000,000.



"Chin! Do you know who I am?"  
"Don't you know yourself?"—Son-  
dagnine-Strix, Stockholm.

W. N. U. 1886

### Direct Result Of Grading

London Advances Price Of Canadian Cheese Over New Zealand Product

No industry is favored with more instruction, inspection, guidance and encouragement from Government officials and self-appointed crusaders than is the enterprise we call dairying. But there is a good motive behind all this paternalism, and happily it is bearing fruit. From Dr. J. A. Riddick, Dairy Commissioner for Canada, comes this terse statement:

"According to the 'London Grocer' the average London quotation for Canadian cheese for the calendar year, 1930, exceeded the London quotation for New Zealand cheese by 3.06 cents per pound."

When we add 3 cents per pound to the cheese manufactured in Canada (for that is what it really means) we begin to appreciate what cheese grading, factory improvement, payment by test, and general packing mean to the dairymen of this country. And when we recall that at one time New Zealand cheese was threatening the prestige of the Canadian product on the British market we can, quite properly, give ourselves a pat on the back—Farmers' Advocate.



(By Annette)



CAPELET GIVES SMART NEW EFFECT

Today's interesting home frock is developed in a cotton shantung print in the new flattering salmon-pink tones. The pretty shoulder capelet ending in an abrupt manner at the front, gives the effect of flared sleeves. An interesting feature is the pointed treatment given the bodice to narrow its breadth.

The skirt, slightly flared, has an inverted pleat at the center-front which gives added width without detracting from its slim straight appearance.

This easily made dress, Style No. 198 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust.

Such a model could well be carried out in white flat washable crepe silk with vivid sailor blue bindings for resort.

Linen, pique, striped tub silk, printed balise, gingham, etc., are delightfully lovely fabrics to select.

Price of Pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

### How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

### Manitoba-Ontario Highway

Official Opening To Be Held Between Winnipeg and Kenora In September

Prominent men in political and business life of Manitoba and Ontario will participate in the celebrations at the opening of the new link of the Trans-Canada highway between the two provinces.

The official opening will occur next September and will mark the joining of the road between Winnipeg and Kenora on the Lake of the Woods. On behalf of Manitoba the following men will be included in the official party: His Honor James Duncan McGregor, lieutenant-governor; Premier John Bracken, Hon. W. R. Clubb, minister of public works; Hon. R. A. Hoey, minister of education; Lieut.-Col. Ralph H. Webb, mayor of Winnipeg; and Sanford Evans, M.L.A., representing the Associated Boards of Trade.

Patrons for Ontario attending will be: His Honor William D. Ross, lieutenant-governor; Premier G. S. Henry, Hon. C. McCrea, minister of mines; Hon. W. Finlayson, minister of mines and forests, and Dr. W. J. Gunn.

Branches in the two provinces of the Manitoba-Ontario Trans-Canada Highway Association will foregather shortly to formulate an agreement on joint plans for the opening.

### Canadian Public Health Association

Annual Meeting To Be Held In Regina In June

Regina will be the scene of another Dominion-wide convention in June, when the Canadian Public Health Association holds its annual meeting here. The dates fixed are June 17, 18 and 19.

At the same time the Saskatchewan Health Officials' Association will hold its annual meeting in conjunction with the Dominion body.

Dr. F. C. Middleton, deputy minister of health for Saskatchewan, is president of the Canadian Public Health Association, while Hon. F. D. Munroe is honorary president. Dr. W. R. Coles, medical officer of health for Regina, is president of the Saskatchewan Health Officials Association.

### Interest In Horticulture

Societies In Saskatchewan Planning To Organize A Fall Circuit

Horticultural societies in Saskatchewan are planning to organize a fall fair circuit, reports W. E. Lake, Saskatchewan University extension lecturer. Springdale, Melville, Watrous, Yorkton and Canora societies have been in correspondence on this project and it is believed that the Melfort and Prince Albert horticulturists may also join. A bulletin prepared by plant experts for the Horticultural Societies Association, listing the plants recommended for cultivation in Saskatchewan will be ready in a few days at the extension department of the University.

The Pacific Ocean covers 68,000,000 miles, the Atlantic 30,000,000. It would take all the sea water in the world 2,000,000 years to flow over Niagara.

### WINS RECORD FOR BRITAIN



Kaye Don, noted British speed driver, recaptured the motorboat record by piloting his motorboat at 103.73 miles an hour.

### Keep Canada Beautiful

Everyone Can Share In Making Un-  
sightly Places Lovely

There is no need to make Canada beautiful. Nature did that for us with such a prodigious outpouring of fertility, such a majesty of mountains, such effectiveness of lake and river, that the worst efforts of man can only mar without breaking the scenic panorama that stretches from the grey rocks and green fields of the Atlantic coast to the riot of fragrant bloom where the warmer Pacific tosses its waves against towering, green-clad hills.

Canada is beautiful. Canada has a beauty that is marvellous in the eyes of countless visitors and newcomers. What a pity, then, that little bits of Canada should be made ugly by the careless indifference of men and women! Think of those who have made lovely bits of garden in strange places—round the oasis in the desert, on the top of an arid mountain and, most of all, in the sunless bits of earth hidden behind the houses of great cities.

Yet in Canada there are farm homes where we refuse the handful of seed, the hour or two of time, that would transform the homestead into a lovely garden. We let weeds riot where flowers would look so much nicer, and tramp on parched earth where grass might better make a springy carpet.

Sponsored by horticultural societies and the Horticultural Council, we are to have a "More Beautiful Canada Campaign" right across the Dominion in this year of 1931. A moving-picture is made up of endless tiny pictures which blend into a continuous scene when run off on the machine. So a beautiful Canada can only be made by a succession of beauty spots from coast to coast. And success can be achieved only by each one doing his little bit to beautify the home or with shrubs and flowers efface or conceal the patches and corners that we have made unsightly through carelessness and neglect—Farmers' Advocate.

Some animals, like the rabbit, have eyes on the side of their head because they are hunted, while others, like the fox, have eyes in front since they are primarily hunters.

### LATEST PORTRAIT OF HER MAJESTY



QUEEN MARY OF ENGLAND

Reproduced above is the latest portrait from London, England of her majesty Queen Mary of England, wearing the magnificent tiara and necklace of royal jewels. Her majesty celebrates her birthday on May 26.—Photograph by Hay Wrightson, London, England.

## Says Manufacturers Should Take Care Of Raw Products From Western Canada Farms

### Guard Seal Migration

Sea Plane To Be Used In Connection  
With Government Vessel

A Royal Canadian Air Force flying boat, equipped with wireless, will assist H.M.C.S. Armentieres in guarding thousands of fur seals on their annual migration to their breeding grounds in the Pribilof Islands, off Alaska.

The seal patrol will last for two months and the aircraft will make daily flights over the migrating seals to spot any attacks by hunters.

Under the sealing treaty of 1911 between Japan, Great Britain, United States and Russia, none but the Indians and other aborigines, armed with primitive weapons, are allowed to kill the seals on their way to the breeding grounds.

The U.S. coastguard patrols the seal herd on its migration from southern waters and the task is taken up at the international border by the Canadian navy.

H.M.C.S. Armentieres will act as tender for the Vickers Vedette flying boat.

The Pribilof seals of which there are more than 1,000,000, have more valuable pelts than any other seals. They make a "grand circle tour" of the Pacific each year, leaving their breeding grounds in the fall and migrating south along the coast of Japan and then north again in the spring.

The much-debated question of whether the seals contribute to the depletion of coast salmon may be settled this summer by experiments to be made in connection with the migration. Major J. A. Motherwell, chief inspector of fisheries for British Columbia, has arranged with W. E. Dibun, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, to have the stomachs of some 50 seals examined.

### Shiver To Keep Warm

Doctor Says It Proves A Very Good  
Substitute For Heat

Lacking a comfortable-heated atmosphere or a fur coat, the thing to do when cold is to indulge in plenty of plain and fancy shivering, according to Dr. R. W. Swift, of the University of Rochester, who read a paper before the physiological section of the Federation of American Societies for experimental biology, in session in Montreal.

Shiver to keep warm—and it is a good substitute for heat, Dr. Swift said. Shivering is the body's method of manufacturing heat, he explained.—Dr. Swift said he had experimented with volunteers who had been placed in a refrigerator for varying periods while electrical apparatus was attached to their bodies to register the efficacy of their shivering. Those who lent themselves most readily to shivering stood the cold best, he said.

### The Merchant's Best Clerk

Newspaper Sells More People Than  
Any Employee

The director of a well-known chain store describes the local newspaper as "our best clerk." He explains that it sees more people, gets more of their individual time, works longer hours, and tells its story with more accuracy than any other clerk they can employ. These papers are going into the homes of people, and are assured of their friendly attention. This is proved by the tremendous growth in importance of the press in the last few years, according to the director, who declares that today the local newspaper is the backbone of any constructive sales effort.

### Newspaper Men To Meet At Regina

A despatch from Ottawa states that the Canadian Weekly Newspaper Association, embracing a membership representative of 500 newspapers throughout the Dominion, will meet in annual convention at Regina the first week of July. This decision was announced following a meeting of the association directors at the capital.

### Likely Lots More

Antique Dealer (to American): "Now, sir, if you'll step this way, I've a very fine specimen of a Queen Anne sideboard I would like to show you."

American: "Say, that old queen of yours must have had a big dining room. This'll be the eighth sideboard of hers I've been shown this week."

### Edmonton Assessment Figures

An increase of a million dollars in property assessment in the city of Edmonton is announced by city assessor Thomas Walker, the present year's figure being \$66,704,000.

### Co-operation by Eastern Manufacturers

With Western farmers is the means by which Western Canada will return to prosperity, Senator W. A. Buchanan, of Lethbridge, Alberta, told members of the Toronto Board of Trade at a recent gathering.

What can only be partially displaced in the west by diversified farming, Senator Buchanan said, but a reduction in wheat acreage is possible through the introduction of more stock raising and the establishment of sugar beet factories, vegetable canning, cheese factories, milk condensaries and an extension in the sheep raising industry. What was needed in this diversified agriculture was the industries to take care of the raw products.

"Here's where the co-operation of the eastern manufacturer was required," he said, "also the western sheep raisers should be encouraged in the production of more Canadian wool. While Canada could never compete with such wool industries as that of Australia, there was the basis of great wool producing areas in western Canada, the senator said. Commenting on present conditions in the west, Senator Buchanan said the country was "groggy" in spots, but there was plenty of hope and confidence in evidence.

He belittled talk of secession, which, he said, was found only in districts where agitators "got a chance to stir their views." He claimed no one treated secession seriously.

What many farmers needed to do was to live on reserves built up through good years—rather than take too many chances on "next year." They should also seek to live off the farm rather than buy canned vegetables, meats and milk.

Production of only the superior class of all products should be urged upon the farmers, he said.

The coal industry was in the worst situation in its history. Unless some other utilization could be found for coal he could hold little hope for the industry in the future.

One industry which had not ceased during the depression, he said, was the production of oil. New fields were being found all the time and in the near future importation of such products into Canada should be eliminated.

### Cause Of Gastric Ulcer

Harvard University Professor An-  
nounces New Theory

Climaxing seventeen years of research work, Dr. Harvey Cushing, of Harvard University, foremost authority on the surgery of the central nervous system, has announced his theory regarding the cause of gastric ulcer, a problem that has baffled the medical world since 1784.

The ulcer is caused by disturbances in the diencephalon, that part of the brain which is the seat of the primitive emotions, and which governs most of the automatic actions of the body, he stated.

Dr. Cushing spoke in Convocation Hall before the faculty of medicine of the University of Toronto, which celebrated the 104th anniversary of the birth of Lord Lister, eminent surgeon.

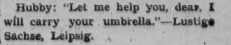
His explanation of the cause of the ulcer is the first coherent and completely tenable answer to the problem that has yet been proposed, Toronto medical authorities who attended the lecture said.

The gastric ulcer is one of the most common maladies of the present day, and is said to be increasing. It is usually found in those who are overworked or under great emotional stress.

### Valley Of The Illecillewaet

The little town of Glacier, British Columbia, is the headquarters of Glacier National Park. Situated in the green valley of the Illecillewaet—which derives its musical name from the Indian word meaning "swift water"—it has a magnificent setting of forest and peaks. Predominant among the mountains is Sir Donald, which rises to a height of 10,808 feet.

Hubby: "Let me help you, dear, I will carry your umbrella."—Lustige Sachse, Leipzig.



**CLIFTON G. PURVIS**  
Barrister & Solicitor  
Viking, Alberta  
Will Visit Irma in Mr. Masson's Office  
every Friday

**C. GREENBERG, M.D.**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Phone 40  
Irma, Alberta

**DR. H. L. COURSIER**  
Dental Surgeon  
Gas Anaesthesia X-Ray  
At Irma over Nu-Way Store Tuesdays  
Wainwright, Alberta

**J. W. STUART**  
Licensed Auctioneer  
For Sale Dates in Irma District  
see R. J. Tate, Irma  
Wainwright, Alberta

**EDMONTON RUBBER STAMP**  
Co. Ltd.  
Makers of  
RUBBER STAMPS &  
SEALS  
10037-101A, Ave. Edmonton

**DR. H. W. RICHARDSON**  
Dentist of Viking  
Office above Drug Store  
Gas Anaesthesia and Vitaltesting  
Office Hours: 9-12 A.M., 1-6 P.M.  
and by appointment.

Will be at —  
Viking every Monday, Tuesday and  
Saturday.  
Holden the first and third Wednes-  
day of each month.  
Tofield every Thursday and Friday,  
and the second and fourth Wednes-  
day of each month.  
For professional services,  
Viking, Alberta

## REAL ESTATE

FARM LOANS  
GENERAL INSURANCE  
STOCKS & BONDS

Licensed Grain Buyer

AUDITOR  
COMMISSIONER  
VALUATOR

Conveyancing

**W. MASSON**

IRMA, ALBERTA

Rates \$1.00 up. Phone 6101

## ROYAL GEORGE HOTEL

101st Street  
(Near Union Depot)  
EDMONTON

## Five Stories of SOLID COMFORT

The Home of Service  
and Comfort

## First Class Cafe

Free Bus to and from all trains  
**R. E. NOBLE, Manager**

## Irma Pool Room

And

## Barber Shop

SOFT DRINKS, TOBACCO  
CIGARS, Etc.

Agent for

SNOWFLAKE LAUNDRY

Laundry sent on Tuesday train  
is returned Saturday.

## J. A. Hedley

IRMA, ALBERTA

## In Edmonton

TRY the —

## Ritz Hotel

Nearest  
Steel Frame Hotel  
to the C. N. R.

Beautiful  
New  
Furniture

DATES 1931-1932

## ARE YOU LUCKY ENOUGH TO PAY INCOME TAX?

"Six hundred and three individuals  
in Canada have incomes of \$50,000 a  
year or more."

"The richest man in Canada lives  
not in Montreal but in Ontario."  
So writes M. Gratton O'Leary in the  
May 1st issue of MacLean's Magazine  
under the title "Truth is Safer Than  
Fiction."

"The income tax figures for 1930,"  
continues Mr. O'Leary, "Show some  
extraordinarily interesting things."  
"In the first place, there were 142-  
154 individuals who paid the tax,  
7,957 corporations who paid it. Onta-  
rio, as usual, came, continued to pay  
the lion's share, with 63,004 tax-pay-  
ers. Quebec came second with 31,061;  
and the other provinces paid in the  
following order: British Columbia 12-  
545; Manitoba 11,212; Alberta 8,893;  
Saskatchewan 8,187; Nova Scotia 3-  
089; New Brunswick 2,759; Prince  
Edward Island 406."

"The bulk of the tax is paid by  
manufacturers. Last year 3,642 men  
of the tall chimneys put up \$20,149-  
260, or 28.7 per cent of the total  
amount. Financiers came next with  
\$11,044,813; employees third with  
\$5,435,415. The prevalent notion that  
retailers all make money is not  
born out by these figures, there being  
but 12,688 who paid Income Tax, and  
their total amount was \$4,085,210 or  
\$10,000,000 less than was paid by  
manufacturers."

"Nor does much evidence exist, so  
far as this tax is concerned, that our  
professional men are getting rich. In  
Canada the number of lawyers, doc-  
tors, university professors, scientists,  
engineers, surveyors, journalists, au-  
thors, etc., must be well on to 20,000  
yet only 7,439 professional men paid  
Income Tax, and the total of their  
payments was \$1,716,774."

"Finally, the Income Tax figures  
hardly afford proof of an overwhelm-  
ing prosperity in agriculture. The  
number of people engaged in farming  
in Canada must be, at the most con-  
servative estimate, at least half a  
million, but last year only 2,737 farm-  
ers paid Income Tax into the Treas-  
ury. Their proportion of the total  
tax was 0.26 per cent."

"Interesting, too, and revealing are  
Income Tax figures in their indica-  
tion of the various scales and divi-  
sions of incomes earned in Canada.  
There were, for example, 38,709 per-  
sons who made returns on incomes of  
\$2,000 per year. Twenty-four thou-  
sand people had incomes of between  
three and four thousand dollars; and  
there were 10,250 who had salaries of  
between five and six thousand dol-  
lars. When it came to salaries or in-  
comes of between nine and ten thou-  
sand dollars, the number making re-  
turns was 2,400. Of these 1,455 earned  
the substantial income of between ten  
and fifteen thousand dollars. Getting  
up into the \$20,000 and \$25,000 class,  
the number making returns was 1,181  
while over one thousand reported  
their incomes between \$30,000 and  
\$25,000; and another 693 fortunes  
put in figures of \$50,000 and over. The  
\$50,000 and over men paid in a total  
of \$10,571,399."

"It is contrary to Government pol-  
icy to give out the highest individual  
income from which a tax has been  
paid. What can be stated, however  
and it destroys a popular belief—is  
that the richest man in Canada is not  
in Montreal but in Ontario. In other  
words, according to Income Tax re-  
turns, Canada's richest man is not S. R.  
Herbert Holt."

"One other feature of these figures  
is illuminating; that which shows  
Canada's wealthy men by provinces.  
Starting up in the Arctic Circle in the  
Yukon, where all the gold once came  
from, there is no one there now mak-  
ing \$10,000 a year, and only five are  
making more than \$8,000. Jumping to  
the other extreme of the map, Little  
Prince Edward Island drops out  
before the \$25,000 scale is reached;  
and in the whole of the Maritimes,  
indeed, there are not eight men with  
incomes of \$50,000 and over. More  
prosperous are Quebec and Ontario,  
the former with 251 fifty-thousand-  
and over men, and the latter with 270;  
while Manitoba has thirty-one, Sas-  
katchewan five, Alberta fourteen, and  
British Columbia twenty-four."

"The notion, held by some, that  
many people marry to pay their  
debts, is more than borne out by In-  
come Tax figures. Certainly they  
show that, so far as Canada is con-  
cerned, married men are infinitely  
more prosperous than bachelors—  
either that or infinitely more honest.  
At all events, 57,828 single men last  
year contributed \$4,902,191; while  
62,173 married men paid in \$18,801-  
999—about four times as much."

"The department keeps no statistics  
on women Income Tax payers. But  
if 142,154 individuals paid the tax,  
and 57,828 of the married men, and  
62,173 married men, the balance  
of those who paid must have been  
women. In other words the number of  
women who paid on their incomes was  
approximately 20,000; their contribu-  
tions being over \$3,000,000."

**IRMA TIMES**  
The Alberta Oil Gazette  
H. W. LOVE, Prop.  
A Good Advertising Medium and a  
Reliable Newspaper on Oil Activities

## THE REMEDY FOR SOIL DRIFTING

F. H. Newcombe, district agricul-  
tural, in a recent article in the Veg-  
reville Observer has this timely infor-  
mation on Soil Drifting which is also  
applicable to this district, and we are  
reprinting it for the benefit of our  
readers.

"The high winds of recent days have  
again demonstrated that soil drifting  
is becoming an acute problem in this  
district. Unless steps are taken soon  
some of the farmers will find it very  
difficult to remedy the situation. The  
only permanent remedy will certainly  
prove to be seeding down to grasses  
and clovers to restore fibre to the soil.  
At the same time this fibre will  
greatly increase the moisture hold-  
ing capacity of the soil and make it  
more productive. There never was a  
more opportune time to start seeding  
down with the exception of the short-  
age of money to buy seed."

"Seed of the common grasses and  
clovers can be secured through the  
Department of Agriculture, Edmon-  
ton at farmers' prices. Orders sent  
to the Department will be passed on  
to farmers who have seed which has  
been inspected by Government offi-  
cials. A saving in the cost may be  
made in this way."

"In this district we are almost lim-  
ited to Western Ryegrass and Brome  
grass and Sweet Clover or alfalfa. A  
good mixture may be made with sweet  
clover and Western Ryegrass. Both of  
these grasses are hardy, the seed is reason-  
able in cost and may be seeded with  
nurse crops, and they will supply a  
large amount of the fibre so urgently  
required. If clovers are seeded they  
will require to be inoculated with ni-  
tro-culture which may be secured  
from the District Agriculturalist, at  
Vegreville. Farmers would do well to  
make a small start in growing alfalfa,  
the king of fodder crops. Seed was  
never so cheap as it is this year. Al-  
though some farmers have tried it  
with indifferent success it is a safe  
bet that in a few years it will be one  
of our principal fodder crops. A lit-  
tle experience required to grow  
but once established it will provide  
pasture and hay of unequalled quality  
and with just the constituents that  
are necessary to balance up our farm  
grains and green feed to make a  
good ration. Start an acre of alfalfa  
this year—it will be just like start-  
ing a bank account, only it will last  
longer."

## ON RADIATING HAPPINESS

There is no reason why we should  
not all do a little towards making  
things easy and pleasant for those  
around us. Many of us live to be  
without ever having had an opportu-  
nity of doing any deed worth mention-  
ing, but there is probably not one of  
us who could not do numberless little  
kindnesses every single day. The sum  
total might even make an honorable  
record, and though there can be no  
formula for giving happiness, it is  
certainly in our power to dispense it  
occasionally.

We can for instance, easily show  
interest in the concerns of those we  
meet; a gracious word at the right  
moment or a mere glance of compre-  
hension will often almost create a  
bond between strangers which will be  
of benefit to both. Many a lasting  
friendship has been born in the most  
unexpected manner, and has proved  
a source of happiness. If we wait  
for important events to provide us  
with the chance of doing something  
memorable, we shall probably wait in  
vain, for as Oliver Wendell Holmes  
put it, "Life is a great bundle of little  
things," and they only are wise who  
recognize the importance of trifles.  
Though happiness may not be the  
only objective of life, without it vital-  
ity is destroyed, and the incentive to  
do our best becomes paralysed.—  
Edith M. Dukes.

## BARLEY OR OATS WILL KILL OFF WILD OATS

Superintendent W. A. Munro of  
the Dominion Experimental station  
at Rosthern, Sask., pointing out that  
wild oats permeate only in the  
spring and should be removed under fa-  
vorable conditions of soil moisture,  
advises their eradication by letting  
them sprout and then discing in.  
He states: "As soon as the crop  
is taken off, shallow plow the land  
or double disc it, and as early as  
possible in the spring harrow it and  
leave until wild oats plant shows  
above the ground—from middle to  
end of May. Plow to a depth of  
three or four inches, sowing barley  
or oats for greenfeed. Very few  
wild oats are likely to appear in the  
crop."

## The Wastebasket

Heard among the ladies at the  
bridge party: "What I'm telling you  
is no gossip." "Are you sure?"  
"Yes, because everybody's talking  
about it."

The reason why young married  
couples bore their friends by repeat-  
ing the smart saying of their young-  
sters, says a careful observer, is be-  
cause they imagine the wit is heredi-  
tary.

"I am afraid that I put too much  
milk in the mashed potatoes," said a  
young bride to her husband here last  
week. "Oh, well, put in more milk and  
we'll drink them," he replied.

Health hint—To avoid trouble and  
insure safety, breathe through your  
nose. It keeps your mouth shut.

Heard at the poker party: "The  
radio is a great invention." "It sure  
is. We can now have a row with our  
wife and the neighbors merely think  
it is only one of those punk dramas  
over the radio."

"Here's my new spring hat, dear,  
I bought it for a song," said a local  
lady to her husband. "But I suppose  
you want me to join in the chorus,"  
he replied.

"You say your wife attacked you  
with a death dealing weapon?" asked  
the judge during a hearing of a  
divorce case in Edmonton recently.  
"What was it?" "A fly swatter," re-  
plied the witness.

Now is the time of year that ev-  
ery good husband makes that resolu-  
tion to have the best garden he has  
ever had. He makes the resolution  
and his wife takes care of the garden.

"I see where the doctors advise  
girls to eat all they want, and to not  
starve themselves to get a slim fig-  
ure," said one local fellow to another.  
"Well, it's evident they have never  
taken a Kinsella girl out to lunch if  
they think the girls are starving  
themselves," was the reply.

Shades of Caesar! Here Britain  
goes and votes in favor of Sunday  
movies. What is the world coming  
to?

"Call on Heaven when you're in  
trouble, brethren, call on heaven," ex-  
horted an evangelist at Killam so  
loudly that a young lady telephone  
operator in the congregation aroused  
from a dose of sweetly: "Drop your  
nickle, please."

Your home town newspaper heral-  
ded to the world your birth, told of  
your entry into school, mentioned your  
birthday party when you were sweet  
sixteen, applauded your graduation  
from high school, started you to col-  
lege, and when you returned muni-  
cipated the first job you secured. It  
told of your marriage to the sweet-  
est girl in the world, mentioned the  
arrival of your first born, told of the  
visits of pa and ma, rejoiced with you  
and sympathized with your sorrows.  
And when you die it will do its best  
to get you through the pearly gates,  
and all for the small subscription  
price of two dollars a year. What  
greater service could you get.

## Odd, Isn't It?

Call a woman a chick and she  
smiles; call her a hen and she howls.  
Call a young woman a witch and she  
is pleased; call an old woman a witch  
and she is indignant. Call a girl a  
kitten and she likes it; call a woman  
a cat and she hates you. Women are  
queer.

Call a man a gay dog and you flat-  
ter him; call him a pup, or a bound  
or a cur and he tries to alter the man-  
ner of your face. He won't mind being  
called a bull or a bear, yet he resents  
being called a calf or cur. Men are  
queer.

If news papers presented the news  
of the day after the manner adopted  
by the radio people in presenting  
their programs, your family news-  
paper would read something like this:  
"Through the courtesy of the Poland  
China Tooth Brush Corporation, we  
are pleased to say that John Jones  
made a trip to Indianapolis—correc-  
tion please. Minneapolis—yesterday."  
"Goldenrod Cigarettes—yesterday, no  
bars,—brings you the report that  
Bill Smith bought himself a new  
Stubbins Eight motor car, engine by  
Night, body by Hunter, oiled by  
Smeat, gassed by Heck, and tired by  
Gosh."



## Health Service

OF THE

Canadian Medical Association

Edited by

GRANT FLEMING, M.D., ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

## APPENDICITIS IN CHILDREN

Appendicitis, or inflammation of  
the appendix, is a comparatively com-  
mon disease. It is not generally known  
that appendicitis is a serious and not  
infrequently fatal condition, nor is it  
understood that the disease may and  
does occur among children.

Evidence of both these statements  
is shown by the fact that 1300 or  
more deaths occur each year in Cana-  
da from this disease, and of this  
number, over one-third were those of  
children under fifteen years of age.

There are certain diseases, such as  
typhoid fever, which may be pre-  
vented by sanitary measures taken to  
safeguard water, milk and food sup-  
plies. Other diseases such as small-  
pox and diphtheria, are prevented by  
raising the individual's resistance to  
the disease by means of vaccination  
and immunization.

In certain diseases, of which appen-  
dicitis is a striking example, serious  
and fatal results can only be pre-  
vented by securing the right treatment  
and applying it early.

Proper early treatment has a great  
deal to offer, but it is, of course, with-  
out value unless it is applied. The  
physician cannot help those who do  
not come to him for his advice.

Unfortunately, the price of delay  
is frequently death. Delay in secur-  
ing treatment, which allows the con-  
dition to progress until the appendix  
ruptures, very often means death of  
a child despite of all efforts made  
later to save him.

## HAIL AS A CROP-MENACE

The destruction caused by hail in  
Canada affects but a small propor-  
tion of the total crop acreage. To  
the individual farmer, however, a  
very serious matter as his whole  
crop may be destroyed.

On the average about 17 hailstorms  
occur each year in both Saskatchewan  
and Alberta. Fortunately most of  
these are localized to narrow strips  
of country. Two of the worst storms  
reported in Alberta occurred on the  
same day in 1928. The crop damage  
in each case amounted to practically  
100 per cent over an area 200 miles  
long and, in many places, six miles  
wide.

It is not uncommon to learn that  
hailstones the size of hen's eggs fell  
in a particular district. This is by no  
means an exaggeration as much lar-  
ger ones have been observed. The  
size of the stones is supposed to be  
determined by wind action during the  
storm. The moisture condenses out of  
the clouds and falls as rain. Before  
it reaches the ground the drops are  
caught by a very strong updraft of  
air, which carries the raindrops to  
higher and colder levels. At this time  
the force of the air diminishes and  
the frozen drops fall only to be  
caught again and whirled aloft. In  
the process more moisture is carried  
up and frozen so that each trip the  
drop grows steadily larger and heav-  
ier until it finally falls to the ground.  
This explanation is based upon the  
fact that a cross section of a typical  
hailstone shows a formation con-  
sisting of a number of concentric  
layers.

It is of course natural that attem-  
pts have been made to break up ap-  
proaching storms. Various para-  
phenalia have been used, the value  
of which depended more upon super-  
stition than any scientific principles.  
The natural forces involved in the  
formation of a hailstorm are so tre-  
mendous that human control is  
out of the question. Crop insurance  
is the most effective means for re-  
ducing the financial loss caused by  
hail.

It is of course natural that attem-  
pts have been made to break up ap-  
proaching storms. Various para-  
phenalia have been used, the value  
of which depended more upon super-  
stition than any scientific principles.  
The natural forces involved in the  
formation of a hailstorm are so tre-  
mendous that human control is  
out of the question. Crop insurance  
is the most effective means for re-  
ducing the financial loss caused by  
hail.

## MAKE PROSECUTION OF RADIO OWNERS EASIER

Ottawa, Ont., April 25.—Designed  
to facilitate prosecution of persons  
operating radio receiving sets with-  
out a license, an amendment to the  
Canada Evidence Act was passed by  
the House of Commons on Friday. Hith-  
erto, in order to prove a person had  
no license the government had to pre-  
sent departmental records in court. It  
was expensive and practically impos-  
sible to have officers of the gov't trav-  
elling over the country with record  
books to attend such trials.

W. T. Lucas, U.F.A. member for  
Carmichael constituency, voted with the  
Conservatives on the sub-amendment,  
against the pegging of wheat prices  
for Alberta farmers.

When appendicitis occurs, there is  
pain and usually nausea and vomiting.  
Older children describe the pain as  
cramp-like, and generally they feel  
it in the centre of the abdomen.  
Younger children cry as if in pain,  
and they seem not to feel the dis-  
comfort in any particular spot or part  
of the abdomen.

Unfortunately many parents and  
others who are responsible for the  
care of children believe that there is  
one right and proper way to treat a  
pain in the stomach, and that is by  
giving a dose of castor oil or some  
other purgative. While this is in-  
flamed, nature puts that part to rest.  
The purgative sets the digestive tract  
in motion just at a time when it  
should be at rest. A pain in the ab-  
domen should not be treated with  
purgatives.

To the parent, it may seem that we  
are exaggerating the possible dangers  
of pain in the abdomen. Certainly  
every stomach ache is not appendici-  
tis. However, unless abdominal pain  
is always regarded as being serious,  
cases of appendicitis will go un-  
treated and we, in Canada, will continue  
to record each year, among children,  
about five hundred deaths from appen-  
dicitis, practically all of which may  
be traced to procrastination and the  
use of purgatives in the presence  
of abdominal pain.

(Questions concerning Health, ad-  
dressed to the Canadian Medical Asso-  
ciation, 184 College Street, Toronto,  
will be answered personally by let-  
ter.)

## Household Hints

Thank God every morning that you  
have something to do that day which  
must be done, whether you like it or  
not. Being forced to work and being  
forced to do your best will breed in  
you temperance, self-control, dili-  
gence, strength of will, content and a  
hundred other virtues which the life  
never knows. —Kingly.

Love alone in this world is the en-  
queroir, by love alone can the nations  
of the world be brought into the paths  
of peace; to pursue and to attain love  
is to pursue the one thing needful  
to attain the only thing in the world.  
—Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, M.P.

Slugs crawl and crawl over your  
cabbage, like the world's slander over  
a good name. You may kill them,  
it is true, but there is the 'slime'.  
—Douglas Jerrold.

I would rather march in the direc-  
tion of a cleaner civilization with  
Pussyfoot, than stagger behind with  
Boosefoot. —Bailie Johnstone.

The generous, who is always just,  
and the just, who is always generous,  
may, unannounced, approach the  
throne of Heaven.—Lavater.

"Take your needle, my child, and  
work at your pattern. It will come  
out a rose by-and-by." Life is like  
that. One stitch at a time taken pa-  
tiently, and the pattern will come out  
all right like the embroidery.—Oliver  
Wendell Holmes.

No man loses anything by being  
true and steadfast to his convictions.  
He may not be popular, but what does  
that matter? Consistency is, or  
ought to be, dearer than human favor  
or applause.

A soft answer turneth away wrath;  
but grievous words stir up anger. The  
tongue of the wise uses knowledge  
aright; but the mouth of fools pour-  
eth out foolishness.—Proverbs 15:1-2.  
Or stars of morning, dew-drops which  
the sun  
Impairs, on every leaf and every  
flower.

The last thing that we discover in  
writing a book is to know what to  
put at the beginning.—Pascal.

Our deeds determine us as much  
as we determine our deeds.—George  
Eliot.

"You drive the new car? Why what  
would you do with a flat tire?" asked  
a Kinsella father of his daughter.  
"Handle it the same as I did that flat  
tire from Hardisty," the beautiful  
girl replied, "Give it the air."

## CLEM LOUGHLIN WILL MANAGE LONDON TECS

London, April 27th.—Clement Joseph  
Loughlin, defence veteran of the  
London Tecumseh's hockey team, has  
been chosen manager of the team to  
pilot it through the 1931-32 season  
in the International league. He has  
spent the past two seasons with the  
club, and has completed 15 years in  
pro hockey.



For  
Better Grade  
SHOE  
REPAIRING

**Kenward's**  
Shoe Repair Shop

Noted for  
QUICK  
SERVICE  
BEST  
MATERIAL  
USED.  
—and—  
All Work  
Guaranteed

10045 101 A Ave.  
Edmonton, Alta.

ALL  
PERMANENTS  
from  
\$7.50

Coughlin's  
THE CAPITAL  
NEW  
BEAUTY PARLORS

Edmonton, Alta.  
Phone 4355.

When  
in Edmonton  
pay a visit to the  
MONARCH,  
EMPRESS,  
DREAMLAND,  
PRINCESS  
THEATRES

Carefully Selected  
Programs

TALKING PICTURES  
AT THEIR BEST

**Northern Electric**  
SOUND SYSTEM

PEARSON TYPEWRITER  
AND RADIO CO.

New and Used Typewriters  
and Radios  
Repairs and Supplies  
10120 — 102nd Avenue  
Phone No. 1833.  
Edmonton, : Alberta

UP-TO-DATE SHOE &  
HARNES REPAIRING

Compare our prices on Harness  
with Mail Order Houses.

J. J. WIESE, Proprietor

In Tery Block, Wainwright, Alta.

**KARMAN'S**

Expert Shoe Repairing  
Shoes Repaired same day.  
Opposite Wainwright Hotel

**EARL L. CORK & CO.**  
Jewelers and Opticians

Issuer of Marriage Licenses  
C.N.R. Official Watch Inspector

Wainwright, : Alberta

F. C. DICKINS, B.A. L. L. B.

Barrister, etc.  
Notary Public. Insurance.

Snyder Block — Wainwright, Alta.

COMPLETE YOUR  
TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS  
and BUY YOUR  
Steamship and Rail Tickets  
FROM THE  
**LOCAL AGENT**  
CANADIAN NATIONAL

the representative of  
Rail and Steamship Lines  
in the Province of Alberta

## PRAIRIE FIRE WARNING

**WARNING**  
**PRAIRIE & FOREST FIRES**

In those sections where an unusual fire hazard exists due to lack of moisture in the soil it is important that every person should comply with the requirements of the Prairie Fire Act, and the restrictions as to obtaining permits before starting any fire in a fire district.

Where it is necessary to burn stubble, weeds, straw stacks, brush piles, meadows, or any other matter, whether in a Fire District or not, the material that is to be destroyed by burning, shall be surrounded with a fire guard not less than ten feet in

width consisting of land covered with snow or water, or being so worn, graded, ploughed, burned over or covered with water as to be free from inflammable matter, and such fire shall be guarded by at least three persons provided with the proper appliances for extinguishing such fire. After the seventh day of May the fire guard shall not be less than 20 feet in width. Fires burning in the ground shall be extinguished or so guarded as to prevent any possibility of escape.

Dated at Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, this 10th day of March, 1931.

Benj. Lawton, Chief Fire Inspector

## VIKING NEWS

Corp. Wall, of the R. C. M. P., was in this district the past few days on naturalization. Incidentally he renewed a friendship with Const. Miller, of the A.-P. P. here, which began several years ago when they were both stationed in the Yukon territory at White Horse. The corporal is returning to the north country and will spend four years at a new post being established in the Coppermine Basin district, northeast of the Herschel Island post. Here on the rim of the Arctic a wireless station will be erected, and altogether a colony of about twelve white men will live and work among the Eskimos. The colony will consist of members of the R.C.M.P., fur traders, two priests, and dominion explorers.

Mr. H. A. Blair, of Stettler, census commissioner for the Camrose Federal Riding, was in town on Tuesday interviewing Mr. N. C. Graham, president of the Viking and District Federal Conservative Association, in regard to making appointments for the taking of the 1931 census in this district. The following census enumerators were appointed:

J. H. McLeellan, George Ashwell, R. Dann, Capt. Logan, and P. A. Main. H. A. Meredith received a territory in the Sedgewick district. These men will work under the supervision of Mr. Graham and the work will commence about June 1st. We understand that a station of instruction will be held here some time next week for the census enumerators so that they may become familiar with their duties.

Emil Miller, former proprietor of the King Edward hotel here, was sentenced to three months in jail and the repayment of \$30,000, which he alleged to have fraudulently received from the Edmonton city relief committee. The judge designated it as a most despicable act, as it was brought out in the trial that the accused had sold an hotel last year for \$30,000, had a 1930 Buick car with 1931 license, owned a quarter section of land, and had \$900.00 out on interest. He has appealed against the jail sentence on the grounds that he had no lawyer for defence and that he did not obtain relief under false pretences. He is out on \$1000.00 bail pending the appeal.

Dr. G. C. Haworth, M.D., and Dr. Richardson, dentist, are now comfortably located in their new offices in the building formerly occupied by the Toggery. The premises have been thoroughly renovated and remodeled into two separate suites of rooms, with one main reception room. Leading from the reception room is Dr. Haworth's office and consultation room and connected with that is the operating room. Dr. Richardson's offices occupy the north suite, where he has an up-to-date dental operating room and equipment, besides laboratory. Provision is being made for a system of hot and cold running water. The offices are nicely arranged, light and airy, natural gas being used for heat and electricity for lighting. Altogether the new offices are a decided improvement to the town and in keeping with the progressive methods that our local doctors are noted for.

Mr. Zinkan, of the town planning board, gave an instructive address to a group of citizens in the Town Hall last Thursday evening. He explained many phases of the town planning act which the provincial government has in operation. Anyone intending to make an alteration in their farm home surroundings or plan a new "lay out" for the farm buildings or home, would do well to communicate with the Town Planning Board, Edmonton. The service is free.

Mrs. Allman, of Montreal, sister of our townsman, Mr. Adell, paid a week end visit here. She was accompanied by her little son. She left on Monday for Edmonton where she has purchased a business.

The kitchen of the King Edward hotel has recently been repainted and decorated and presents a picture of cleanliness and neatness at all times.

Any of our readers are invited to inspect it at their leisure.

The next Chamber of Commerce meeting will be held in the town hall on Monday evening, May 11th, at 8 o'clock. This will be a business session, and all are invited to attend. There will be no noon luncheon on this day.

W. J. Brown is installing a new-fangled auto lift in front of his garage. The lift is to enable the mechanics to get at the working parts of an auto with more ease and facility.

The many friends of Miss Winnifred Runyon will be glad to learn that she has recovered sufficiently to be able to return to her duties at the bank after an illness of two months.

Mrs. G. W. Green and Mrs. A. J. Horton spent a few days in Edmonton as guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Spencer of the Northwest-Kn Utilities.

Miss Bertha McHenry has returned to her duties at the Bank of Montreal after enjoying a three weeks vacation at her home in Laval.

The dining room of the King Edward hotel was filled last Monday at noon for the semi-weekly luncheon of the Viking and District Chamber of Commerce.

All local business was dispensed with for the occasion as two prominent visitors were present, Mr. A. G. Andrews, M.L.A., for Sedgewick constituency, and His Lordship Bishop Gray, of Edmonton.

Mr. Andrews spoke on some of the phases of the work of the recent legislature, and reviewed briefly the important acts and amendments. Mr. Andrews was chosen by the government to make the reply to the speech from the throne, and it will be recalled by those who read it, was a most able effort, in which he put forth with vigor the needs of the province in general and Sedgewick constituency in particular. He stressed the importance of extending the work on the main highway to Wainwright. It is believed in well-informed circles that the Wainwright-Edmonton highway will be extended and completed at least as far as Holden this year, and next year as far as Viking. Mr. Andrews expressed his pleasure at being with the Chamber of Commerce and stated that his services were available at any time if he could be of any assistance.

His Lordship Bishop Gray gave a talk full of reminiscences of his early days in Alberta, when he was a cowboy on a ranch near Calgary. The Bishop in his inimitable way recalled incidents of those days in a graphic manner interspersed with humor that delighted his audience. He expressed regret at having to leave this province where he had spent 45 years of his life, but he was going back to England on the advice of his doctor on account of his health. He has already been assigned a parish in England, and extended an invitation to any in Alberta to visit him in his new home should they be fortunate enough to make a trip back to the Old Land.

The marriage of Miss Margaret M. Shaler, of Winnipeg, to Byron De Vere Bishop, of Clyde, Alta., was solemnized by Rev. F. W. Kerr, at Knox Church Saturday, March 28th. The bride was attired in basque blue crepe, with shoes to match, and a bouquet of Tailsman roses. She was given in marriage by Mr. Charles O. Herbert, and was attended by her sister, Miss Pauline Shaler, as maid of honor, who wore green chiffon. Following the ceremony a buffet luncheon was served to a large number of friends and relatives at the home of the bride's sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Bishop left on Monday on a honeymoon tour in the west after which they will take up residence in Winnipeg.

J. J. Leeder was a visitor in Edmonton last week. He states that the unemployment situation in the Capital city is very acute.

## Edmonton District W.C.T.U. to Meet at Viking May 5-6

The nineteen annual convention of the Edmonton District Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held in the Viking United Church on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 5th and 6th.

The two day session will open on Tuesday at 10:30 a.m. with devotional exercises conducted by the Viking Union. Presiding at the sessions will be Mrs. M. Hyslop, of Viking, district president.

Tuesday's session will be taken up with reports from departments; social hygiene by Mrs. M. M. Hilliker; parlor meetings, Miss N. Whittaker; Little White Ribbons, Mrs. R. Swan; Canadianism, Mrs. C. W. Ross. The corresponding secretary's report will be given by Mrs. M. L. McPherson, treasurer's report by Mrs. J. L. Hay; Young People's Branch by Mrs. Hill; L. T. V. by Mrs. Harris.

A symposium on "Peace" will be led by Mrs. J. I. Rowe, including papers on disarmament, and what contribution can the average woman make towards disarmament. Other reports on the agenda for the afternoon session are from superintendents of Literature by Mrs. C. Ewing; medical temperance, Mrs. Johnston; press, Mrs. Sproule; Sunday schools, Mrs. Craig.

At six o'clock Tuesday evening a banquet will be held at which delegates and friends will be present. Addresses of welcome will be given by the mayor on behalf of the town, the school board by C. G. Purvis, and the ministers of the community.

At eight o'clock a Gold Medal Contest will be held, followed by an address by Mrs. L. C. McKinney, provincial W. C. T. U. president. There will be an admission charge to the Medal Contest of 25c for adults and 15c for children.

Wednesday's meetings will open with devotional exercises led by members of the Ryley Union, after which routine business will be expedited. Mrs. D. Gilchrist will report on Medal Contests, and Mrs. Morrison on Scientific Temperance and Anti-narcotics. Mrs. Morrison will also read a paper on "How to establish contact with the schools regarding Essay Contests, followed by a Memorial service.

The Wednesday afternoon session will be opened by devotional exercises led by the Laval Union. Other items is a Round Table Conference led by Mrs. Craig; methods found successful in presenting Sunday school educational campaigns, and difficulties overcome.

The convention promises to be one of the largest ever held by this Union since its organization.

A horse shoe pitching tournament will be held on the pitching grounds east of the drug store, on Friday evening of this week, play to commence at 6:30. All members of the club and others are invited to take part. After the tournament the annual meeting of the club will be held.

## FREE ADVERTISING

In our efforts to promote the social welfare of the community and to boost the different organizations in the district we have given an enormous amount of advertising free. It has come to the time when we are forced to shut down on all this free stuff, it was never right to give it anyway, any more than you would expect to get a dishpan from the store because you bought a package of soap powder.

We are being deluged with this free stuff and unless we come to grips with it, it will eventually choke us out. Ink, and paper is our whole stock in trade, white space is the only thing we have to sell and to be able to collect enough revenue to meet running expenses, wages for the help, fodder for the editor and his family, (which fortunately is small) we must during these strenuous times, get all that is due us for the space that is used.

We could put up a very strong argument on this question, but will be content to state what we consider advertising but what some of our friends would like to call "news".

Notice of any event, admission to which a charge is made. Public notices of any description. Card of thanks, personal or public. Notices of dances, whist drives, sales of work, home cooking, bazaars, teas, etc.

Since coming to this community we have at all times done our best for the district and in and out of season at no cost the support of the home town merchant, industries, sport and social work and are still willing to devote a reasonable amount of space to read charitable effort, social, community, sport and church activities, but there are limits to the lengths one can go.

## WHO'S WHO



Hon. Lewis Smith

A SHIPOWNER and a farmer of many years' experience, Hon. Lewis Smith, Minister of Agriculture for New Brunswick, is one of the outstanding producers of his Province. His interest in the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, Regina, 1932, is demonstrated as chairman of the Provincial Committee of New Brunswick. Mr. Smith was born at Lower Coverdale, Albert County, New Brunswick, fifty-one years ago. He was educated at the grammar school of Albert County and later attended the Ontario Business College at Belleville, where he received a commercial training.

For ten years he was a member of the County Council of Albert County and in 1927 was elected to the New Brunswick Legislature as representative of his native county. At each of the general elections since that time Mr. Smith has received the confidence of the electors and joined the New Brunswick Government as Minister of Agriculture in 1925.

## Most Farmers Want Good Chicks

Here's their opportunity to get the Best!

Alberta farmers have had wonderful success with the Chicks and other Poultry Stock purchased from us.

We are booking orders for Hatching Eggs, day old Chicks, Pullets and Breeding Stock from the five popular breeds:

S. C. W. Leghorns Light Sussex S. C. R. Island Reds Barred Rocks Wyandottes

S. C. W. Leghorn Chicks for May \$13.50 delivered  
Sussex Chicks for May \$16.00 delivered  
Rocks, Reds and W. Wyandottes \$14.00 delivered

Write for our illustrated Catalogue with information of care and feeding stock. Also ask for information concerning group orders and our special discount prices in consideration of times.

**The Burnside Poultry Farm**  
Port Hammond, B. C.

## Spend Your Holiday at BANFF

and Stop at

## The HOMESTEAD HOTEL and BUNGALOWS

Rates \$2.00 Single; \$3.00 Double  
European Plan

CAFE — RESTAURANT IN CONNECTION.  
Weekly Rates.

## A DOLLAR'S WORTH

Clip this coupon and mail it with \$1 for a six weeks' trial subscription to THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Published by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY, Boston, Massachusetts, U. S. A.

If it will find the daily good news of the world from its 750 special writers, as well as departments devoted to women's and children's interests, sports, music, education, radio, etc. You will be glad to welcome into your home so favorable a prospect of peace and prohibition. And don't miss these our big and the Sunday and the other features.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, Back Bay Station, Boston, Mass.

Please send me a six weeks' trial subscription. I enclose one dollar (\$1).

(Name, please print) (Address) (City) (State)

## UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LIMITED

IN BUSINESS 25 YEARS

Paid-up Capital \$3,180,803.37  
Reserve and Surplus \$2,490,981.11  
Total Paid-up Capital, Reserve and Surplus \$5,671,784.48

Let this Company Handle Your Grain







## Restless CHILDREN

CHILDREN will fret, often for no apparent reason. But there's always Castoria Harmless as the recipe on the wrapper, mild and bland as it tastes. But its gentle action soothes a youngster more surely than a more powerful medicine.

That's the beauty of this special children's remedy! It may be given the tiniest infant—as often as there is need. In cases of colic, diarrhea or similar disturbance, it is invaluable. A coated tongue calls for just a few drops to ward off constipation, so does any suggestion of bad breath. Whenever children don't eat well, don't rest well, or have any little upset—this pure vegetable preparation is usually all that's needed.



## Value Of The H. B. Route

Great Saving To Western Farmers Is Predicted When Route Is Operated

Far-reaching effects of the Hudson Bay Railway and development of the Port of Churchill this fall as a grain exporting port the same rates as those from Montreal to Europe, should underwriting firms fail to put such rates into operation.

Mr. Smith laid low the hope of short period of navigation of Hudson Strait by rectifying various dates in recent years on which ice had made its first appearance in the strait. In 1930 ice did not appear at Cape Hope until November 4; in 1929, it was November 27, and in 1928, November 20.

Mr. Smith believed this did away with statements in eastern Canada, credited to George W. Stephens, that navigation would only be possible during July and August. The speaker said last year the strait would have been open until October 31, and if necessary an ice breaker could have been used as long as desired.

Quoting savings to farmers, through rates, which, he said, were not problematical but now recognized by the board of railway commissioners, Mr. Smith declared that \$202.50 would be saved to the farmer on every carload of grain shipped via Saskatoon to Churchill instead of shipping from this city to Montreal.

Saving on carloads of cattle would amount to \$222 per car, not including the saving in shrinkage, while on dairy products the saving would amount to \$255. A further feature of the latter products was that railroads would accept a carload as 20,000 pounds instead of the 50,000 pounds carload rate to Montreal.

The speaker did not believe farmers in southern Alberta realized the importance of the route, but for his part he thought Saskatchewan would immediately benefit. Retailers, wholesalers and all Saskatchewan would share in the great savings.

Operation of the Hudson Bay Railway and development of the Port of Churchill this fall as a grain exporting port the same rates as those from Montreal to Europe, should underwriting firms fail to put such rates into operation.

Mr. Smith laid low the hope of short period of navigation of Hudson Strait by rectifying various dates in recent years on which ice had made its first appearance in the strait. In 1930 ice did not appear at Cape Hope until November 4; in 1929, it was November 27, and in 1928, November 20.

Mr. Smith believed this did away with statements in eastern Canada, credited to George W. Stephens, that navigation would only be possible during July and August. The speaker said last year the strait would have been open until October 31, and if necessary an ice breaker could have been used as long as desired.

Quoting savings to farmers, through rates, which, he said, were not problematical but now recognized by the board of railway commissioners, Mr. Smith declared that \$202.50 would be saved to the farmer on every carload of grain shipped via Saskatoon to Churchill instead of shipping from this city to Montreal.

Saving on carloads of cattle would amount to \$222 per car, not including the saving in shrinkage, while on dairy products the saving would amount to \$255. A further feature of the latter products was that railroads would accept a carload as 20,000 pounds instead of the 50,000 pounds carload rate to Montreal.

The speaker did not believe farmers in southern Alberta realized the importance of the route, but for his part he thought Saskatchewan would immediately benefit. Retailers, wholesalers and all Saskatchewan would share in the great savings.

## People Have Wrong Opinion Of Africa

Is Wonderfully Interesting Country Says Envoy To United States

Too many people get their opinion of South Africa from reading "Trader Horn" and seeing "Africa Speaks," according to Eric H. Louw, envoy extraordinary from the Union of South Africa to the United States.

Mr. Louw spoke recently before the foreign trade committee of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce on trade relations between his country and America.

South Africa is at once a highly civilized modern country and a land of savage tribes, rich in climate and resources and possessed of marvelous natural beauty. That is the picture Mr. Louw paints of his native land, and he said that the really as modern and up-to-date as the United States or Europe, he declared in an Oxford accent, which he learned at the University of Cape Town. "We have, of course, native villages in which the savages live under their own laws and in their own fashion. But we also have highly developed towns and cities that rival any of America's in culture."

"The country, which is about one-third as large as the United States, has eight million inhabitants, two million of whom are white. The white are of Dutch and English ancestry."

"It is a marvelously interesting country, for one can hear symphony orchestras within a few miles of savage tribes. The climate is comparable to that of southern California, and the scenery, with the mountains as a background, is much like that of California or Arizona."

South Africa's industries are largely agricultural, although iron and steel making is growing in importance. The political status of the country is the same as that of Canada, with 2,000,000 whites in control, although in one of four provinces, Cape Province, the native races have the vote.

Mr. Louw himself, who was born in the Orange Free State, educated in Cape town, and came to the United States a year ago as an envoy at Washington.

A new machine cuts green hay into long lengths and blows it through pipes heated to a temperature of 700 degrees, delivering it into bags thoroughly dried in 40 seconds.

Pure water, in which there are no ice-particles, or germ crystals, freezes spontaneously at 1.9 degrees Centigrade, instead of the usual zero, experiments proved.

An international committee is arranging for the compilation of a map of the Roman Empire, and the first sheet showing Great Britain has already appeared.

## Your Purser



... is a smiling salt-water diplomat, who sees that all your affairs run smoothly while on board. Your entertainment, your comfort, your general well-being are his charge. He is an expert in ocean travel and his fund of knowledge is always at your service.

Sailings weekly from Montreal  
Cable rates from... \$120  
Tourist Third Cabin... \$105  
Third Class Round Trip \$155

Special Seasonal Third Class Round Trip Excursion Rate... \$125  
Information from  
270 Main Street  
(Phone 26-84)  
Heron & Co. Ltd., Passenger Ave.  
(Phone 21-077)  
Winnipeg  
or any steamship agent.

## Sail CUNARD ANCHOR-DONALDSON

## Cotton Highways Next

Tests Being Made In Texas and South Carolina

Motorists have travelled over concrete roads, gravel roads, and mud roads, but it is a rare motorist who has ever driven over a cotton road. That cotton could be used in road building never enters the head of the tourist, even when he passes fields of cotton. However, in tests on state roads in South Carolina and Texas cotton is being used in two distinct ways—as a macadam in the construction of bituminous surface treatment of earth roads and as a cleavage fabric in concrete highways.

After the road surface has been graded and coated with a light coat of the entire width of the roadway, or only the shoulders is covered with cotton fabric. Hot asphaltic oil is then applied to the fabric and then said to give the road wearing surface. Experimental stretches in South Carolina have been in use for a year and show little indications of wear, and the highway department plans similar improvements on 70 miles of roads within the next two years. The cotton is said to hold the road materials together and give them added strength, and at a cost attractive to states having many miles of unimproved country roads. On bridges and viaducts cotton fabric has been inserted between two layers of concrete to permit the top layer to be removed for repairs or replacement without breaking into the road foundation.

R. J. Cheatham, of the St. Louis Department of Agriculture, says that these tests may result in an important new use of cotton. If so, road building may help to solve the problem of the cotton surplus as well as the employment problem.

Possibly Another Hundred Years The Kitchener Record says: There's no telling how long Methuselah might have lived if he had had his appendix, teeth and tonsils out.

Once again we are assured by an economist that the auto has come to stay. Of course the keeping up of payment has something to do with it.

## CORNS LIFT OFF



An amazing remedy—acts in a few seconds and causes no pain. The corn shrivels up and loosens. Another application or two and the corn drops out. Wonderful! It is that easy! Just how Putnam's Corn Extractor works. You can buy Putnam's Corn Extractor from any drugstore for 35c.

## PUTNAM'S

## Hospital Costs Advance

Charges Have Been Increasing Since 1913, Report States

An almost unbroken advance in hospital costs and charges between 1913 and 1929 are shown in a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The report is based on returns received from 108 hospitals in Canada. The rates charged in 1929 were 6.6 per cent. higher than in 1926.

A general survey of the changes which occurred in 1929 indicates that the greatest increase in rates were for public wards. Semi-private room rates moved upward very slightly, while private room rates were shown as a little lower for the first time since 1913. Operating room charges remained almost stationary. The average cost of maintenance per patient per day advanced again, and was 110.4 per cent. above the figure given for 1913. It is interesting to compare this advance with that registered by rates, which have apparently risen only by about 60 per cent. according to the movement of a weighted average for the rate figures which follow.

An average of the public ward charges made in 1929 amounted to \$2.03, as compared with \$1.96 in 1926. The item was \$1.43 in 1926, and \$1.02 in 1913, an almost uninterrupted increase having occurred since that time. Provincial average rates in 1929 ranged between \$1.50 for Prince Edward Island, and \$2.52 for British Columbia.

## Manitoba's First Civil Wedding

Winnipeg Couple Took Advantage Of Legislation Recently Passed

On April 7, Kennedy Street Court House, Winnipeg, was the locale of a ceremony unique in provincial history. At five o'clock precisely, Bohumir Brukner, shoemaker, 563 Elgin Avenue, and Emil Pokrupa, 69 Alfred Avenue, were united in wedlock by His Honor Judge Stubbs.

This was the first marriage in Manitoba, performed under the provisions of legislation passed at the present session of the local legislature, which broke the monopoly hitherto enjoyed by the clergy, who alone had the right to officiate.

The bridegroom was born in Czechoslovakia, and described himself as an "atheist," while the bride, who was born in Poland, acknowledged allegiance to the Presbyterian faith. Her mother lives at Ridgeway, Man. Her father is dead, and both parents of the bridegroom are also dead.

## Jewish National Home

Lots Of Room For Jews In Palestine Says Lloyd George

Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George told the Jewish agency at a dinner in his honor in London, England, that there was a "lot of room" in Palestine for the Jewish national home without rendering homeless any of its present inhabitants.

The mandatory power of Great Britain in Palestine, he said, "must discharge its functions with fidelity and resolution."

The dinner marked the opening of a campaign for funds to establish a colony in Palestine named for Mr. Lloyd George.

## SELECTED RECIPES

### EXCELLENT BEEF STEW

2 pounds of any cheap cut of beef.  
1/2 cup raw diced turnip.  
1/2 sliced onion, large.  
4 tablespoons "Mazola."  
2 cups diced raw potatoes.  
1 cup diced raw carrots.  
1/2 cup chopped celery.  
1 tablespoon "Benson's Corn Starch Flour."

Brown onions in "Mazola" with meat rolled in flour and then mix with the other vegetables and cook in 3 cups, or slightly more, of cold water, not allowing the stew to do more than simmer for one or two hours. Season with salt and pepper to taste. Thicken by stirring one tablespoon of "Benson's Corn Starch" into 1/2 cup of cold water and adding to stew when almost done. More corn starch may be added if a thicker gravy is wanted.

German tourists now favor Switzerland, Italy, France and Czechoslovakia.

The best remedy for the disease called erysipelas is after all, arrest cure.

# IMPORTANT



JUST as you deal with people you know and trust, so you should buy goods that you know from experience will give full satisfaction and long wear. Beware of cooking utensils and household articles that bear no name or one you don't know. Look for the famous old, ALL CANADIAN SMP trade mark, the red and green shield, a strict guarantee of super quality.

## GENERAL STEEL WARES LIMITED

Branches Across Canada  
Halifax, Saint John, Quebec City, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, London, Windsor, North Bay, Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver.

## Canada's Poultry Industry

Poultry Population Now Fifty Times More Than It Was Forty Years Ago

Canada's poultry industry is forging steadily ahead. The poultry population of hens and chickens for 1930 numbered 36,247,000. This represents an increase of one million birds over 1929, and is in marked contrast with the total of 12,696,701 of 1891. Present indications are that Canada's poultry population for the present year will be practically five times what it was forty years ago.

The indications of worms are restlessness, grinding of the teeth, picking of the nose, extreme peevishness, often convulsions. Under these conditions one of the best remedies that can be got is Miller's Worm Powders. They will attack the worms as soon as administered, and they pass away in the evacuations. The little sufferer will be immediately eased and a return of the attack will not be likely.

In proportion to population, more patents are issued to inventors of Switzerland throughout the world than to residents of any other nation.

"A film is to be made of a baby's first year," says a news item. It should be a scream.

Sir Isaac Newton, as a boy, worked in an apothecary's shop rolling pills.



About two hours after eating many people suffer from sour stomachs. They call it indigestion. It means that the stomach nerves have been over-stimulated. There is excess acid. The way to correct it is with an alkali, which neutralizes many times its volume in acid. The right way is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia—just a tasteless liquid, pleasant, efficient and harmless. (Made in Canada.)

## Little Helps For This Week

"Fear thou not, for I am with thee; be not dismayed, for I am thy God; I will strengthen thee, yea, I will help thee."—Isaiah xlii. 10.

O Love Divine, that stoop't to share Our sharpest pang, our bitterest tear, On Thee we cast each earth-born care.

Though long the weary way we tread, And sorrow crown each lingering year, No path we shun, no darkness dread, Our hearts still whispering, Thou art near.

—Oliver Wendell Holmes.  
He who never connects God with his daily life knows nothing of the spiritual meanings and uses of life; nothing of the calm, strong patience with which life may be endured; of the gentle, tender comfort which the Father's love can minister; of the blessed rest to be realized in His forgiving love. His tender Fatherhood; of the deep, peaceful sense of the Infinite One ever near, a refuge and a strength.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is without a rival. Stops bleeding instantly. Cauterizes wounds and prevents blood poisoning.

It's awfully difficult to find anything nice to say about spinach, except, perhaps, that there are no bones in it.

# When Food SOURS

But it kills excess acids. It has remained the standard with physicians for more than 50 years. It is the quick method. Results come almost instantly. It is the approved method. You will never use another when you know. Be sure to get genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for over fifty years in correcting excess acids, bloating, gas, constipation. So look for the name Phillips on wrapper and bottle. (Made in Canada.)



## Here is a Delightful Dessert!

### BREAD PUDDING

2 cups St. Charles Milk  
2 cups water  
1 1/4 cups soft, fine bread crumbs  
2 eggs, slightly beaten  
1/4 cup sugar  
1 tablespoon melted butter  
1/4 teaspoon salt  
Grated rind of one lemon or  
1 teaspoon vanilla

Dilute the milk with water and bring to scalding point. Remove from fire. Add bread crumbs and let stand until cool. Stir in the eggs, sugar, butter, salt and flavoring. Pour into a buttered pudding dish, set in a pan of hot water, and bake in a moderate oven about forty-five minutes.

This and over a hundred other delightful recipes are to be found in the new Recipe Book we have just issued. Send us your name and address and a copy will be mailed you, free of charge.

The Dominion Co. Limited



W. N. U. 1936

## DEFINITELY REJECTS

**PRICE PEGGING PLAN**  
Ottawa, April 27th.—Advocates of "pegging" of wheat prices have definite notice that no such policy will be invoked by the Bennett government. Mr. Bennett has definitely laid it down that no government of which he is a member will adopt "pegging."  
"That course offers no solution to the farmers' problems," he says. Where 75 per cent of the total wheat crop must find a market outside Canada in competition with world production "pegging" becomes impossible, and would, it is contended, deprive of the outside markets she now has.

## CIGARETTE SMOKING

**IS GROWING HABIT**  
Ottawa, April 27th.—Canadian are smoking more cigarettes than ever according to the statement just issued by the Excise Department for February, 1931. A decrease in Excise duty collected on potable and non-potable spirits, cigars and foreign raw leaf tobacco is also recorded in the same month.

GRAIN PRICES	
Wheat	
No. 1 Nor.	39
No. 2 Nor.	36
No. 3 Nor.	32
No. 4	28
Oats	
No. 2 C.W.	15
No. 3 C.W.	12
Barley	
No. 2 C.W.	14
Rye	
No. 2 C.W.	33
Flax	
No. 1 C.W.	74

**FOR SALE**  
Italian Bees, the kind that get lots of honey. Ten frame hives with bees and drawn combs, \$15.00; 2 lb. package with queen \$35.00 F. O. B. Irma. No packages after May 15th. —H. W. Love, Irma, Alta.

## WANT ADS

**FOR SALE**—Arctic Sweet Clover Seed.—J. C. McLean, Irma, Alta.  
**FOR SALE**—A quantity of White Blossom Sweet Clover Seed.—J. H. Armitage, Phone 418, Irma, Alta.

**WILL TRADE**—Ten Foot McCormick Tandem Disk for a good team of horses, also Sulky, Plow, 14in. Cockshut—Roy Carter, N.E. 10-46-9-44th, Irma, Alta.

**FOR SALE**—Eggs for hatching. From purebred barred Plymouth Rock flock. \$2.00 per 100.—Irma Times, Gunn Bros.

**FOR SALE**—Ayrshire Cows, all milking.—W. T. Barber, Phone 315, Irma, Alta.

**FOR SALE**—A few good milk, due to calve soon.—H. W. Love, Irma, Alberta.

**FOR SALE**—EGGS for hatching. From purebred barred Plymouth Rock flock. \$2.00 per 100.—Irma Times, 12-17-P.

**FOR SALE**—A few good brood sows.—G. Arnold, phone 705, Irma.

**FOR CALSOMINING, VARNISHING, PAINTING AND PAPERING, and All Kinds of Spring Cleaning**  
See—E. W. CARTER  
Phone 39 Irma, Alta.

**IRMA LODGE No. 56**  
Hold their Regular Meeting Every First and Third Tuesday of Each Month in the I. O. O. F. Hall Visiting Brothers Always Welcome. J. A. Smallwood, Secretary, Irma

**IRMA I. O. L. No. 2066**  
Meets the last Thursday in Each Month at 8 p.m.  
Worshipful Master W. Cole  
Record Secretary, F. W. Watkinson  
Visiting Orangemen always Welcome

**MRS. GEORGE N. C. HIGGINSON**  
Graduate Nurse of the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal  
Charges \$3.00 per Day  
Phone No. 39 Irma, Alta.

**MRS. BERT LONG**  
Teacher of Piano  
Toronto Conservatory Exams, or any music taught to suit the individual taste.

**DRESSMAKING**  
Of all kinds  
Ladies and Childrens sewing  
Neatly and quickly done.  
Prices Reasonable  
**MRS. E. W. CARTER**  
Phone 39 Irma, Alberta.

## Main Street

Monday, May 4th is Arbor Day.

Don't forget the Mothers Day tea in the Church on May 9th.

Mr. Chailies returned from Walnwright hospital on Thursday after receiving medical treatment.

Mrs. Osterhout is visiting in Calgary this week.

Come up and have a real daily tea at the church, Saturday, May 9th.

Mrs. Cgle returned from Edmonton Tuesday where she went to see a specialist.

Mr. E. E. Mayer of Spokane, Wash. returned here last week to look after his large farming interests north of Falyan.

Supper will be served from 5.30 to 7.30 at the church on Saturday, May 9th.

Mr. and Mrs. George Tripp motored to Edmonton on Tuesday to spend a week with friends and relatives there.

Mr. H. P. Froud, of England, sailed last week to visit his sister Mrs. A. C. Charters of Irma.

In reporting the fire last week we made an error in stating that the furniture in the postoffice was all saved.

At the Mothers Day tea and sale in the Church on May 9th you will be able to get slips started for house plants, also cut flowers.

We are sorry to have to say Mrs. McFarland went to Edmonton on Wednesday's train for an X-ray and medical treatment. Mr. McFarland accompanied her.

Don't forget to visit the Mothers Day Tea and Sale of Home Cooking on Saturday, May 9th.

Mr. J. G. Triphorn, of California returned home Wednesday after spending a couple of weeks in the Irma district. Mr. Triphorn expects to be back some time in July.

Fine warm spring days are here, and when the spring rains come the prospects will look as good as ever. Farmers throughout the district are very busy on the land.

## DODGE TOURING CAR FOR SALE

No reasonable offer refused for my Dodge touring car, in good mechanical condition. Must dispose of it immediately, so get this bargain. Need the money. L. A. Schon, Phone 24.

## NOTICE

If you are growing sweet clover for seed you should have bees to fertilize the blossoms. If not too far away I will place enough bees near your field. Let me know location and how many acres you have.—H. W. Love, Irma, Alberta.

## More or Less Funny

Stenographer: "Your little girl wants to kiss you over the phone."  
Bus Manager: "Take the message. I'll get it from you later."

Silas: "What's that I hear, Hiram, about your hired man falling off the roof when he was shingling the barn last week?"

Hiram: "Yeh. He fell in a barrel of turpentine."  
Silas: "Did it hurt him much?"  
Hiram: "Don't know. They ain't caught him yet."

Brown was making a visit to a girl who lived in the country. As they were walking through the field, they noticed a cow and calf rubbing noses in bovine love. He spoke up: "The sight of that, makes me want to do the same thing."  
"Go ahead," she replied, "It's father's cow."

A Scotch couple at Killam celebrated their golden wedding last week. Their relatives were equal to the occasion and showed up with an appropriate present to commemorate the happy event—a gold fish.

## FOR SALE

Two Used Cream Separators; also Big Reduction in a 14in. Great West Gang Plow, slightly shop worn. HAVE YOU TRIED OUR PLOW SHARE WORK YET?

There's a difference—once a Trial, Always a Customer. Always on the Job for Repairs.

Agent for Massey Harris  
**V. Hutchinson**  
Blacksmith, Irma

## Echoes From Federal Parliament.

By Thomas Waying

Ottawa.—In bygone days economic depression throughout Canada did not affect the public services to any great extent, and the great Civil Service of the Country continued on in the ordinary way; its activities curtailed somewhat, but salaries and positions were unaffected.

This year however, the situation is serious. The national revenue is down \$100,000,000 and expenditures have increased. Two ways lay open to the government to make both ends meet; by rigid economy and by increased taxation. The Main Estimates tabled this week indicate the economy and the Budget which will soon be down will break the news as to the increased taxation.

No government on earth could avoid the present depression, and both economy and taxation increases were inevitable. In Parliament however, Government and Opposition forces will fight the issue out.

The Main Estimates are about \$38,000,000 under last year, which means at least \$62,000,000 additional revenue must be found, entirely apart from the additional expenditures such as the \$30,000,000 for unemployment and other emergency and special expenses. Unfortunately the savings in the Estimates are largely at the expense of the people employed in public services. For once the Civil Service suffers severely.

In the Interior Department alone, about 450 positions have been abolished, due largely to the transfer of the Natural Resources to the Western Provinces. About \$648,000 less will be paid in salaries than heretofore. Efforts have been made to absorb the Civil Service's new unemployed into other Departments, but curiously this has been opposed by the Civil Servants who fear the absorption may interfere with their promotion; a selfish viewpoint, but a human one.

The Main Estimates are made up from data supplied by the various Departments of the Government, who estimate their financial requirements for the year ending March 31, 1932. All Deputy Ministers were instructed to exercise rigid economy and have had to cut the cost according to the cloth. The total of the Estimates this year is \$386,494,408 as compared with \$423,722,163 last year.

The income account of Public Works has been cut by \$10,515,210. This amount is the sum voted for the repair of public buildings scattered throughout Canada. It is also noted that there is a reduction in the vote for the Welland Canal of \$6,000,000 and there is no provision made for Old Age Pensions or technical education. Undoubtedly these two amounts will require \$10,000,000 to \$12,000,000 more.

The chief increase is in the interest on the public debt, the country having to pay \$1,031,590 more than last year. This year provision has to be made to pay off or refund \$25,000,000 of the 1916 Public Service Loan and \$52,914,000 of the War Loan.

The most drastic cut is made in the vote for the Air Mail Routes. Canada's vast distances make the air mail and passenger service of great importance, and had these routes been allowed to develop logically it would have brought eastern and western Canada a day to three days' journey nearer. It would have been possible by next year for an Ontario resident to visit his son in Alberta, spend several days and get back home by the following week end. The vote however has been cut from \$300,700 to \$100,000.

The significance of this cut is found in the expenditures to be curtailed from Toronto to Windsor and from Winnipeg across the prairies; air-mail beacons and lighted air-ports have been established. The Government turns off these lights and leaves the airways dark, just as though all the lighthouses were closed on the St. Lawrence. As all the Western Cities and many of those in the East have made heavy expenditures on equipping their air-ports, the shutting off of the beacon and flood lights and other Government services is a serious matter. Further than that, it makes night flying dangerous and hazardous to pilots and passengers. Plans had been completed for lighting the airways from Montreal to the Maritimes. These beacons have been snuffed before they were lit.

Parliament opened after the Easter recess in light and shade. The Commons found itself in a humorous vein, but there was mourning in the Senate. In the Green Chamber, "Chubby" Power, M.P., Quebec South, quizzed the Solicitor General to the chuckling of the House, but in the Red Chamber, tributes were paid to the passing of Senator P. E. Lessard of Edmonton, who died recently.

The Solicitor General, (Hon. Maurice Dupre, Quebec West) was to have delivered a speech on the Tuesday before the recess. Advance copies were sent to several Conservative news-

papers in Quebec. On Tuesday however, the Prime Minister was busy with Estimates and Mr. Dupre could not get the floor. He forgot to notify the newspapers who had his speech, and they published it. The joke came in when they were found to have added very eulogistic eulogiums as to the reception of the speech and to have interlarded it with "Applause," "Loud Applause," etc.

Major Power in mock seriousness, demanded the privileges of the House be upheld. This was a false report of the proceedings and he resurged a law of 1890 to emphasize his point.

Hon. W. R. Motherwell, ex-minister of agriculture, spoke on the present condition of the industry and asserted that in as much as the Government had fixed wheat prices when they went high, they should not demure from pegging the price when they got too low. He said also in the rejection of the Russian offer and the embargo on Russian goods, a possibility of Russia flooding European markets next fall, just as the Canadian crop was being marketed, with disastrous results to the Canadian farmer. Such a reprisal might well be expected of Russia.

The House and Senate carried on business in a rather perfunctory manner on Tuesday, this being Miss Mildred Bennett's wedding day. The Prime Minister and the Leader of the Opposition were at the Wedding and many of the Members left the Chambers to accompany their wives and daughters to the Wedding Reception which took place at the Chateau Laurier at 4 o'clock. Major Herridge, M. C., D.S.O., the groom, is Canada's new Minister to Washington. Both bride and groom are likeable and popular and as they are quite wealthy, they have everything that could be wished for. The day was a perfect bride's day, with brilliant sunshine.

There is gossip now on Parliament Hill that inasmuch as the Prime Minister has lost his sister and has no longer a hostess he will himself marry very shortly. His name is being coupled with that of a lady who has been seen much around with Miss Bennett of late and has been a close personal friend of the Prime Minister for some years. She is a few years younger than Mr. Bennett, and widow of a well-known business man here. It is said that the announcement will be made two weeks hence. This of course is by way of gossip, but Parliament Hill is not all politics and public business. There are many ladies down with their husbands and the social season is in full swing. Incidentally the Governor-General and the Countess of Bessborough were at the Herridge-Bennett wedding.

## NO BREAD LINE ON THE FARM

When a spell of hard times hits us With a smash between the eyes, When the whole world looks so gloomy,

Not a star shines in the skies; Day by day we're getting poorer, Fare fills us with alarm, There's sit it own and just be thankful There's no bread line on the farm.

When our clothes get worn and faded, And no man to purchase more, When our pocket book is empty And the wolf howls at the door; There may be some compensation, Life may still hold quite a charm, Livin' way out in the country; There's no bread line on the farm.

Have some more cream on your oatmeal, Plenty milk, drink all you please; Don't be stingy with the butter, Pass around the cottage cheese, Ham and bacon in the skillet, Plenty beef and pork to roast, Fins heaped high with golden nut-fins, And delicious graham toast.

Home grown wheat in all our baking, Home grown corn meal in the mush, Celler filled with spuds and cabbage, Onions, carrots, beans and such, Baked potatoes in the oven, What a sight for hungry eyes, Oh, such sauerkraut and spare ribs, Home made mince and pumpkin pies.

Though our prices be demoralized, And we must economize, Though prosperity be abolished, Not for long, we realize; Though 'tis hard to pay our taxes, There's no reason for alarm, Let's just go to work a singin' There's no bread line on the farm."

"That's the cat's pyjamas," remarked Mr. Henpeck, as he picked up his wife's sleeping-togs.

The June bug comes the last of June, The lightning bug in May; The bed bug takes his bonnet off And says: "I'm here to stay."

They say that barbers are against 'alfalfa' clubs. Well, that's their business.

## "No Wonder they sell so many"



## McCormick-Deering Ball-Bearing Cream Separators

NEW owners are delighted when they discover the advantages of owning a McCormick-Deering Cream Separator. Ask some of them. You will find them enthusiastic about its close-skimming, easy-turning, silent operation—its cleanliness—and its fine appearance.

You don't know how much you are missing until you see and try the McCormick-Deering yourself. On request we will bring one of the six sizes—(How big is your herd?)—out to your farm for a trial. Tell us whether you prefer a hand, belt, or motor-driven model.

**P. E. JONES, Agent**

IRMA. ALTA

## Farmers Mutual Lumber Co. Ltd.

Lumber and Building Material

Coal: Drumheller and Pembina

We Serve Ourselves Better by Serving Others Best

P. J. HARDY, Manager - Irma, Alta.

Hotels Lighted and Hotels Go—but

## THE CARLTON

Still remains Calgary's finest medium priced hostelry

CAFE & GARAGE SERVICE IN CONNECTION Opposite Palliser

HUGHES AND CORRY, Proprietors.

—for Tourists for Travelers VISITING—  
**VANCOUVER**  
BRITISH COLUMBIA  
A new and very modern conveniently located Hotel and Garage  
Excellent Coffee Shop  
320 ROOMS  
320 BATHS  
Single from \$4.00  
Double from \$7.00  
Special weekly & monthly rates  
EXCEPTIONAL FACILITIES for CONVENTIONAL  
Ideal Location  
GEORGIA & HOWE STREETS  
**HOTEL GEORGIA**  
CONVENIENT GARAGE ACCOMMODATIONS

—Calgary's Popular Priced Hotels—

## HOTEL YORK

EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates: \$2.50 & \$3.00  
Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices.

—ALSO OPERATING—

## HOTEL ST. REGIS

RATES: \$1.50; BATHS \$2.00 Weekly and Monthly Rates.